Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real nam of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE new five cent piece is a great improvement on the old coin of that denomination.

A DECREASE in the public debt of over thirteen millions and a half of dollars is good enough for the month of January.

PEDESTRIAN PATTISON, the tidal wave governor of Pennsylvania, is showing the Democratic senators that he has a mind of his own.

THE *Democrat* devotes a column to the subject of "Democratic Truthfulness." Your subject is a myth, dear friend; there is no such thing.

SENATOR STEWART, chairman of the Judiciary General Committee, reports that there is no vacancy in the office of Controller of Philadelphia.

ALREADY the senate has commenced talking about a joint session of the two houses to observe Washington's Birthdry, which is yet three weeks off.

IT is said the *Legislative Record* is still printed, but they keep it in the folding rooms at the state house. A good many members are not aware of its existence.

JUST imagine the state senate working six days in the week hereafter. That is what is to done this week, it having been decided by vote that hereafter there must be work. That's reform.

ALL the bars in the city of Harrisburg are closed until the 18th of this month in consequence of delay in granting licenses. The result is frightful as the water is poor and the legislature in session.

NEW YORK city had 2,000 fires last year. The average loss was $2,000, and the average insurance $10,000. The insurance, in fact, at 1 per cent. average, cost $213,000, or about 5 per cent. of the fire loss.

SAID Dr. Talmage in his sermon in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, on Sunday morning, January 28· "But you do not believe that Samson slew a thousand with the jawbone of an ass? Yes; and I think that the man who at this day assails the Bible uses the same weapon."

ILLINOIS now has at Washington the acting Vice President, the Secretary of War, the Assistant Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the Director of the Mint, the Public Printer, and the Chief Examiner of Patents. If there is any office Ohio doesn't want Illinois will find a man to fill it. The West is a great country.

RECORDER LANE, of Philadelphia, when he was before the house committee the other day, said that the collections made by his office last year amounted to $459,000. This was an increase of 25 per cent. over those made the previous year. The profits realized by the office last year were $30,000, out of which he paid certain fees and expenses. He was left $18,000 as a personal income.

Now it is the State of Alabama which has been called upon to mourn a missing treasurer. There was nothing small about Mr. Vincent, whose sudden disappearance is the latest southern sensation. A cursory examination of the accounts he has left behind him shows discrepancies to the amount of something like two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. With Mr. Vincent, as with Mr. Polk, it is a case of like master, like man. So long as southern states so readily repudiate their obligations, they may expect to have dishonest officials,

Auditor Hewes' Report.

Charles P. Hewes, one of the county auditors, is seeking for a little notoriety and is getting it, very little to his credit however. He dissents from the majority report of the auditors for three reasons. We give our attention to his first reason which is the principal one and is as follows:

1st, That in the settlement with the commissioners the auditors simply compared the vouchers produced by the commissioners with the charges or entries made, without investigating whether the charges were legal; whether the expenditure was such as the county was legally bound to pay; that large amounts were claimed, to wit—over three thousand dollars for expenses of county bridges and no examination was made to ascertain whether the said bridges were county bridges or not, and that in the opinion of your auditor it is a question whether some of these bridges are county bridges; that the majority of auditors refused to go into a full investigation of these different items; that your auditor, to satisfy himself, made private examination and found various irregularities and credits claimed which were improper charges against the county, and from which investigation he is satisfied that other errors exist in the account as presented by the majority of the auditors.

In the first place we would like to know how Auditor Hewes knows what the majority of the board did or how much they examined any of the accounts that were placed before them. The truth is he was not there half the time, and when he was, he seemed more anxious to put obstacles in the way of a speedy completion of the business that called them together than to examine accounts. In fact, he said, "I do not care if this job lasts all winter. I have nothing else to do and want a job." Mr. Proudfoot, a man nearly seventy years old, came up from Milesburg every morning, yet he could get here and was ready to go to work two hours before Mr. Hewes was ready, who lives here in town, and when they complained to him for keeping them waiting he replied: "Oh, there is time enough. We want to make a winter's job of this." The auditing was being done in the grand jury room. He would go up and work an hour and then go down stairs to the commissioners' room and the other offices about the court house and loiter three or four hours until the majority of the board, getting out of patience, asked the commissioners to allow them a clerk and they would finish up their work as soon as possible, whether Hewes worked or not. A clerk was given them and the work went on, and Hewes was there off and on as usual. When the work is finished he objects as stated above, but he does not forget to put in a bill for full time (seventeen days) and three dollars for handing the report up to court. Evidently the Honorable Charles is a reformer. He is very much afraid the commissioners have spent money they should not have spent. We do not know whether they may not have spent a dollar some time that they might have saved, but we are certain that if they pay Auditor Hewes' bill they will misappropriate the people's money. The Board of Commissioners have built two bridges the past year which our reformer is not quite certain are county bridges. What was he doing those seventeen days that he did not learn that the grand jury had declared these same bridges county bridges time and again? Then there is an act of assembly which gives the Commissioners power after a bridge has been recommended as a county bridge either to bear the whole expense of building such bridges or a part as in their judgment is proper. He says he made private examinations. Why did he not insist on examining with the others? Did he make these private examinations from honest motives or was he serving some outside party? Did the other auditors refuse to help him in any examination he wanted to make? They did not. Then, we ask why did he deem it important to make private investigations? We shall refer to this matter again soon.

Good Men for Office.

We hear considerable complaint among citizens of all shades of political opinion about extravagance in the management of our borough government. That there is some just cause for these complaints no one can doubt; that all the charges made against borough officials are true is quite improbable. Many of the evils complained of have been inherited, therefore no present council is responsible for them. For this reason we often find the members of council as great or greater growlers than anybody else. Instead of seeking to grasp the situation as it is and doing their whole duty to the best of their ability, they waste their time with idle complaint and excuse their own shortcomings under a superabundance of the accumulated evils of the past. In fact, to hear a modern councilman talk one would think that there never was any wisdom in that body until they entered it, and when their official career shall end, the hope of this people will be crushed. This spirit of self-laudation, without good works, is especially noticable in the present council, and although we do not want to particularize or speak unkindly of any individual neighbor, yet we will say that as a body, a more imbecile set of borough "dads" never disgraced the sanctuary of the council room. Many of them were elected as reformers, but, good heavens! what reform have they inaugurated? If we had raked the gutters and slums of Bellefonte with a fine tooth comb we could not have found worse specimens of a modern reform movement. It is time the election of such men was stopped. It is high time that the men who pay taxes should take an interest in the affairs of their city government, and that leading business men should accept positions of trust instead of allowing them to be occupied by the gutter snipes from both of the old parties. How can we expect men who have made a wreck of their own lives and could never succeed in any business they engaged in on their own account to faithfully and judiciously manage the affairs of a corporation as large as Bellefonte? What supreme folly it is to elect such men to public trust through a maudlin sympathy because they are poor! What business man of any sense would trust one of these men with his own business, and if not with his own business why should he vote for them to control the affairs of this borough, which really demands the best talent we have! Again we say it is time we called a halt, that a genuine reform should be set in motion, and that it should be no spasmodic effort, but that it should constantly be kept in view all down through the years. This town is in debt nearly $100,000. Our interest tax is one of the heaviest taxes we have to bear. We want men who will do something to reduce this debt and interest and men who know how to go to work to do it—business men, financiers—and not a set of wooden men who will stand around with their hands in their pockets whining about the "scoundrels who heeped this enormous debt upon us." The debt is a fact and opinions about the necessity that called it into being are of no account now. The time demands men who will sensibly devise means for its payment and act—

"Act, act in the living present."

Men who are able to meet this issue in a business like way will also be men who will be able to conduct all other matters in such a manner as will best serve the interest of the tax payers. But how is it with the present council? It is alleged—and we have it from the best authority—that for the first nine months of the past year the expenses were in round figures $2300 more than in the first nine months of the previous year, divided as follows: Street, $1200; Water, $700; Incidentals, $400. You voters are to blame for this state of affairs. The question you are to soon decide is, will you continue it?

COMMON sense is beginning to show itself in Bellefonte politics.

"Save us from our Friends."

The *Centre Democrat*, one of the Democratic papers of Bellefonte, in an article in relation to the citizens' movement inaugurated on Tuesday evening, January 29, by citizens without respect to party, criticises our Democratic council and their work the past year as follows:

"The report of the Borough auditors when published next April or May will show that the committee of council, having the streets in charge, have expended about the same amount of money used last year, and made no improvements to speak of, whereas a bridge costing over $1,200 was built the year before. The water works will also have cost nearly as much, and last year's report shows a new boiler, worth $1,400, to have been bought and paid for."

The *Democrat* is manly and honest in this statement, but it does not compass the whole truth. This council have spent money at the water works with reckless extravagance and for incidental expenses they have spent four hundred dollars more than last year. We are glad however to see that the *Democrat* is not afraid to speak out against the practice of electing a lot of imbeciles to places of public trust even if they are Democrats. It is much more honest than will be the course of some "leather-heads" in the years to come who will charge this Democratic profligacy to republican rule and exultantly point to the fact that the Republicans are in the majority and always have been. And this brings us to consider whether Republicans are not somewhat to blame. Last year in the North ward the Republicans met in caucus, (and they had a very full meeting). A nomination was made, but when the election came many of these men repudiated at the polls their work at the caucus, and a Democratic councilman was elected, who, while we do not doubt he intends to act for the interest of the public, felt it to be his duty to his party to appoint Democrats to responsible positions on all the committees, and the result we have before us. We are the victims to party bigotry. Are not the Republicans who voted for McKnight in a great measure responsible for this? As it happened, the best men in the council were Republicans. Had it been otherwise perhaps McKnight's work would not have "panned out" so bad as it has. But after all the responsibility in a great measure rests with the North ward Republicans who "went back on" their own ticket. Had not the Republicans been so derelict in their duty a Republican would have been elected, a Republican council would have been the result and John Ardell, Jr., would have been the president. McCafferty would not have been chairman of the street committee, nor McQuistion of the water, nor would there have been such a waste of the people's money. It is time there was a change. We do not wonder that Democratic taxpayers cry out, "Save us from our friends."

A CORRESPONDENT, of the Philadelphia *Press* of Thursday, January 25, says:

"Senator Cooper's declaration in yesterday's debate that he was a "former" Stalwart and that others were "former" Independents causes a good deal of comment. "Are you a former Independent," Senator Stewart was asked to-day. The leader of the great political revolt srtaightened his form and made an emphatic gesture as he replied that he was still an Independent. He was glad to learn, however, that Mr. Cooper is a "former" Stalwart. There was an interesting scene on the floor of the Senate this morning. Davies, Greer and Marriot Brosius, all defeated candidates, were grouped about Cooper, their defeated tactician. Presently Mr. Broeius walked to Stewart's seat and shook him heartily by the hand. Perhaps he was congratulating him for being a "former" Independent."

To this the Media *American* replies:

This statement as to the position of the former Independents is not correctly given in the above. Senator Stewart sat directly in front of Cooper as he was speaking, and endorsed his words as a truthful description of the present attitude of Republicans toward each other. He subsequently remarked to the writer, in comment upon newspaper inquiries, as to whether the position of the Independents was truthfully described, that it was, and that all elements of the Republican party were now united. We call the attention of such gentlemen of the press as have not yet "caught on" to the new program of peace and unity to Senator Stewart's position, and to the further fact that all Republicans are now in political accord so far at least as the State Senate is concerned, and we believe they are everywhere united.

IT is alleged and is probably correct that the borough council has spent $2300 more this year than last and nothing to show for it. This sum extravagantly wasted would have paid off all outstanding borough orders and we could have started this spring with a clean sheet and nothing before us but the bonded debt. The borough treasurer could then have cashed all borough orders as soon as presented and we would have been in shape to begin paying off the bonds or to create a sinking fund for that purpose as fast as they become due. If we want to make Bellefonte a desirable place to live in one must reduce this debt. When the taxes on first class houses is more than the rent, it offers poor inducement to build such houses. Can anyone doubt that the heavy taxes in this town prevents many from investing in property here and *per se* injures the growth of the town?

Now that General Walker has consented to take charge of the census bureau once more, there is some chance of the work being finished before the time of taking another census has rolled round again, and apparently encouraged by this hope, the senate has voted another appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars toward defraying the expenses of the bureau. It will be a great satisfaction to the public to know that General Walker has resumed control of the department, for since he retired from its superintendence everything has apparently been confusion worse confounded. Now let all unduly elaborate schemes be set aside, and every effort be directed to the arrangement of the mass of facts in which the public is concerned. That is what the people want. They can construct theories for themselves.

THE French Republic seems just now to be under an adverse spell. Everything is going against it. Just as a new Ministry had been constructed, Premier Fallieres must needs fall sick, and it is now thought that it will be necessary to go through another process of Ministerial organization. If this kind of thing goes on much longer, the more superstitious among the peasantry will make up their minds that the Republican leaders made a mistake when they expelled the religious congregations and entered upon a crusade against the Holy Mother Church.

A GOODLY number of our Democratic citizens were at the reform citizens meeting Tuesday evening. They complain of the extravagance of our city government for the past year and ask for a change. They pray that the people may deliver them from the rule of the gutter snipes as in other words deliver them from their friends.

"Yes," he said, "carrying so much baggage is an awful nuisance, and it costs a pile to have it carried from depot to depot; but, then you know, the railroads allow a man to carry a hundred and fifty pounds, and a fellow likes to get all that belongs to him."

After looking at the specimens of Greek art at the Museum, the other day, a gentleman remarked, "Greece must be a very warm country. Nobody seems to wear clothing there."

"Look out for the cold wave?"—*Ex.* Certainly—of course; where else should a fellow look?

GENERAL NOTES.

A pew in Grace Episcopal Church, New York, was sold at auction on Monday January 29, for $2200.

A ward politician has just been appointed clerk of a justice's court, in New York, who spells socks "s-o-x."

The English society papers chronicle the fact that the Queen has sent presents of old linen to the St. George and Charing Cross Hospitals.

Old Ned, the alleged last domestic of Henry Clay, who assisted in digging the grave of the Sage of Ashland, is said to have died recently in Texas.

In New Orleans cock fighting is not only publicly carried on, but is protected by the authorities. A great tournament is advertised for the 7th inst.

In Chicago, a single pawnbroker has, during the past three months, lent money on twenty-two hundred revolvers. Who will say that this is not a hard winter?

A literary Vermonter who recently tried the power of the human eye on a ferocious bull is recovering from his wounds and bruises, but has lost all faith in such mesmerism.

Chicago has a real Chinese artist. His strong hold is on fans, dogs and men. It is asserted, and boldly too, that almost any person can tell which is the dog and which is the man.

A little San Francisco boy brought on a tragedy by telling his father that he had seen his mother kissing the milkman. An attempt at murder and suicide was the consequence.

Mrs. Hester von der Linde Jackson, of Newark, N. J., celebrated her 101st birthday on Monday, January 29. Mrs. Jackson enjoys good health and her faculties are well preserved.

The American Consul at Manchester, England, is accredited with the opinion that that city has reached the pinnacle of her prosperity, and will advance no further as a manufacturing centre.

A long-shoreman in New York attended one of Dr. Mott's free lectures on "First aid to the Injured," and a few minutes after leaving the hall saved a man's life by the skillful application of bandages.

The average style of living in Paris now, according to the London *World*, as indicated by house rents and furniture, and by the decrees of the fashion journals, implies an income of at least $10,000 a year.

Caroline, wife of the great Rothschild, died aged 97 in the house in Judenstrasse, Frankfort, which she positively refused to abandon. It has now been sold to the city, but is leased by the Rothschilds pending its demolition.

Recent statistics deprive Brooklyn of its claim to the title of "The City of Churches." There is but one church to every 1988 inhabitants, and at least four other large cities in the United States have more church edifices in proportion to the population.

Three officers of the Salvation Army, who had received presents of gold watches from admiring friends, have been dismissed by General Booth, who pronounced such proceedings to be bribery and corruption, and unworthy of humble followers of the Lord.

The State Senate of California numbers fourteen lawyers, eight farmers, five mechanics, four editors, four capitalists, two merchants, one miner, one physician, one contractor, and one viticulturist. The combined wealth of the Senate is estimated at $20,000,000.

The founder of the Roman Catholic order of the Sisters of Mercy in the United States, Mother Frances Ward Xavier, took the holy vows of the profession in 1883. The fiftieth anniversary of that event has just been celebrated at Manchester, N. H., where she is the Superior of a convent.

President Elliott, of Harvard College, says that in the last century clergymen made one-third of all the educated people, and wielded an influence proportionately great. To-day all but one in 19 of the graduates of Harvard and all but one in 13 of the graduates of Yale avoid the ministry.

At Monte Carlo, on New Year's Day, a player was sitting at a roulette table. Up to him came a friend very excited, who said. "Have you heard the news—Gambetta died last night?" "What time?" said the player. "At midnight." "Then I will put five louis on the twelve this *coup*!"

Church and State are in conflict at Fort Smith, Ark. The Mayor forbade all public assemblages on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever. The Protestant Episcopal and Roman Catholic pastors disobediently opened their churches for the usual services, and were promptly arrested.

The latest discovery is a Black Hills cowboy named John Zaccheus, but who calls himself Niobrara Triplet. He is 53 years old, of giant frame, his parents are said to have been marvels in strength. His mother is reported to have been a half-breed, who whipped powerful men with great ease.

A lawsuit in St. Louis incidentally furnishes proof that some American wine is genuine. The defendant is sued for $30,000 damages, because, as the employee of a vineyard company, he spoiled 70,000 bottles of wine by failing to take proper care of it from the time it was mere grape juice until it became champagne.

One of the many pretty girls in Chicago, in behalf of all the other pretty girls asks the Superintendent of one of the street railways to have the purple glass removed from the car windows, as it makes their faces look blotched and sickly. They will not object to pink, as it has a tendency to add to their beauty.

The house of Brandenburg is a comparatively new family in point of high princely rank. It was not until 1415 that the Emperor conferred the rank of an Elector and the dignity of Arch Chamberlain of the Empire on Frederick VI. of Hohenzollern, Burggraf of Nuremberg, with a gift of the March of Brandenburg. The rise of Prussia dates from the Great Elector, whose son was the first of the family to wear a crown.

Poetry.

BIRTHDAYS.

I am content
To let the added years
That come to me
Roll back into the past so far
That memory
Can only find along the shore
Some perfect shells, and nothing more.

I am content
That seaweed, fits of wreck
And pebbles gray,
Drift out of sight into the sea;
For them to stay
Would be to cherish, grief and pain
I would not, must not feel again.

I am content
That none of life
Can ever be
Lived o'er with self same th'b and thrill;
No more to me
Will former song or book, or toy,
Fill the new measure of my joy.

I am content
To live all of to-day;
And when I dream
Let fancy revel in the light
That hope hath seen
Beyond the present, and afar—
A steadfast, sweetly beck'ning star.

I am content
For age upon the heart
Can never creep;
And when, at last, in stillest night
I seem to sleep,
A birthday comes to me in truth;
The gift it brings—immortal youth.

JANUARY AND JUNE.

Said January to June;
"Pray let us walk together,
The birds are all in tune,
And sunny is the weather."

"And look you; I will show,
Before the long day closes,
A pretty sight I know,
Worth all the summer roses."

Then, as they went, the air
Grew thick with snow-flakes flying;
But all the ros s fair
Hung down their heads, a-dying.

Cried June in sorrow: "Nay,
We may not walk together.
You've turned my sky to gray,
And spoiled my golden weather."

"Go now, I pray you, go,
Before my last bud closes.
Take you your cold white snow,
And give me back my roses."

Our Story Teller.

A Lucky Larceny.

Mr. Courtney was a rich old bachelor, and the uncle of a couple of nephews—the one a brother's, the other a sister's son. These two were his n xt of kin, legally entitled, in case he died inestate, to inherit his property.

Edward Horton, his deceased sister's son, was decidedly his favorite, and to him the old gentleman resolved to give the bulk of his estate.

Charles Courtney, the other nephew, had inherited a handsome fortune from his father, moreover, by his uncle's will, was entitled to succeed to that left to his cousin, in the event of the latter's dying without issue.

Old Mr. Courtney being one of the halest of bachelors, when it was announced, not only that he was dead, but that foul play was suspected; when a post mortem examination demonstrated that he had fallen a victim to poison; and when it was given out that the hand that had administered it was that of his favorite nephew, the public mind was both surprised and shocked.

It was not until Edward Horton had been fully committed for trial for his uncle's murder, that I was retained for the defense.

His own statement was, in substance, this:

A physician had been called to see Mr. Courtney on occasion of some apparently trifling illness, requiring some simple remedy, for which a prescription was written and handed to the prisoner to have made up. This the latter had carried to a well-known, competent druggist, who had put it up in his presence. The medicine consisted of three white powders, each folded in a scrap of paper, and the whole enclosed in a single wrapper. They were to be given at intervals of an hour, and had remained continuously in the prisoner's poss ession till the first was administered, which was done by himself, immediately on his return from the druggist's. Mr. Courtney grew rapidly worse, and when, at the expiration of an hour, a second powder was administered, the symptoms became so alarming, that a messenger was dispatched for the physician, who, on his arrival, declared that the patient was suffering from the effect of poison. An examination of the remaining powder disclosed the fact that it was pure arsenic. It was too late for any antidote to be available; and in less than an hour death had relieved the sufferer. An autopsy of the body, and an analysis of the contents of the stomach, left no doubt as to the cause of death. The presence of arsenic, in a necessarily fatal quantity, was indicated by every known chemical test. It was further admitted by the prisoner, that he alone had access to his uncle's apartment, or had handled the medicine from the time it was compounded by the druggist, till the coming of the physician, after the second powder had been taken.

The druggist, who was known to be a man of extraordinary caution, and thoroughly skilled in his business, was ready to swear that by no possibility could any mistake have occurred in putting up the medicine.

To make mattars worse, it transpired that the amicable relation between the uncle and nephew had been somewhat disturbed of late, by reason of an attachment of the latter, disapproved by the former, who had gone so far as to threaten to change his will unless his wishes were respected.

"Who was in company with you from the time you received the medicine till your return to your uncle's house?" I asked the prisoner, desperately groping after something to afford a ray of hope.

"No one," he answered, "but my cousin Charles, whom I met near the druggist's, and who accompanied me in."

I drew from Edward that Charles saw the medicine put up; walked with him a little way; then went back for something, Edward awaiting his return; then walked arm in arm nearly home, when Charles left. I also reminded Edward that, his uncle being dead, if he also should die childless, Charles would inherit the whole estate.

"He did it! he dit it!" the young man cried, in a paroxysm of excitement too earnest to be counterfeit. "He went out to get the poison when he left me waiting. He put it up to resemble the druggist's parcel, for which he substituted it as we went along. Villain—I know it now! I carried the parcel in the right pocket of my overcoat, and it was on that side he walked!"

I was seated in my private office on the day preceding that fixed for the trial, indulging in anything but sanguine expectations, when a tap at the door announced a visitor. It was the detective I had employed.

"What is it?" I inquired, after closing the door.

"I made an arrest to-day," he answered, "and in the prisoner's possession found this overcoat," undoing a package he had brought.

"Well?"

"In one of the pockets I found this," and he handed me a small parcel, which I opened. Inside were three papers, folded as druggists put up their prescriptions.

"The person with whom I found this coat," the detective continued, "confesses that he stole it from a billiard saloon, the owner having laid it aside while playing; and the date he fixes corresponds with Mr. Courtney's murder. But what is more important, I have ascertained that Charles Courtney is the owner of the coat!"

"Let us at once to the druggist's!" I exclaimed, springing from my chair and snatching up my hat.

We were soon there.

"Please examine that parcel," I said, putting it into the druggist's hands.

He did so, carefully opening the paper and inspecting their contents. It contained three white powders!

How do they correspond with those you put up for Mr. Courtney," I inquired, "and for which others seem to have been afterwards so mysteriously substituted?"

"They do not correspond at all," he answered; "they are the same."

"The same! How do you know that?"

"By these figures," he replied, pointing to the inside of one of the papers. I had made a calculation that day on the sheet of paper part of which I used in putting up the prescription bought by Mr. Horton. The remainder I have preserved, not knowing but it might become important. Here it is, and you see how this piece and the figures fit it."

They did exactly; the chain of evidence was complete!

I need hardly tell how the trial ended. Charles Courtney was put on the stand by the prosecution, to prove some unimportant point. I asked him but three questions on cross examination:

"Had he accompanied the prisoner from the druggist's?"

"Had he lost an overcoat that day?"

"Was that it?

The questions were very simple, but the effect on the witness was most remarkable. He trembled, and turned pale. He knew his secret was out, and that lying was useless. He answered all three questions in the affirmative, but in a voice scarcely audible. Before the next witness was called, he slipped from the court room, and was never heard of afterward.

With the testimony of the detective and the druggist, not forgetting that of the "penitent thief," we made short work of what had promised to be "a beautiful case of circumstantial evidence."

The Boss Speller.

In the plantation of Oakfield, Aroostook county, Me., there is a girl who possesses the faculty of spelling difficult words backwards without hesitation. Her name is Hattie M. Drew, and she has just passed her twelfth birthday, and resides with her parents in Oakfield. They are people of moderate education, living upon a farm in a rural community. While this little girl is bright and smart as the average of her mates, she never attracted particular attention until, a little more than a year ago, it was discovered that she possessed the singular gift of spelling any word with which she was acquainted backward and without hesitation. At a spelling match recently held in the school which she attends, without any warning, she stood before the audience for some ten minutes spelling words selected at random, some for their difficulty of combination, but without any previous knowledge of what they were to be, rapidly and correctly, except one or two which she could not spell in the proper way, and when prompted in the correct spelling of these she immediately reversed it. Among the words which she spelled were: Galaxy, syzgy, astronomy, robin, phonography, difficulty, attendance, indivisible, &c. All of these were spelled as rapidly as the eye could follow, without a single misplacement of a letter. Has any other person without any training been able to do this or similar feats. In addition it may be said, upon the testimony of the girl, that "she can see the words in her mind, and knows no reason why she should not read the letters backward as in the usual way."

To Aunt Theresa.

Aunt Theresa, quiet and conscientious, has been in her brother's home ever since his wife left him for a better world, leaving half-a-dozen children behind her. For their sake Aunt Theresa has refused the young farmer whom she liked very much, and the elderly "minister," who would have been so good to her. Never a button has been missing in all that time; dust has b en banished as by magic; excellent meals have been the rule. The children have been nursed through croup, measles, scarlatina and chicken-pox. They have had help in their lessons, and their father has had sympathy in all his anxieties, and good counsel, also—sensible, well thought over advice.

The girls have grown up as they should. The boys have not been driven out of the house by too much tidiness. There is always a place for them. Nor has Aunt Theresa been merely a machine for house work. It is she who plays the piano that the young folks may dance of an evening, and who brings home the popular music and teaches them how to sing it, and takes them to all suitable entertainments. In fact, for years she has never wearied in ministering to the comfort of her household. Nor has she ever forgotten their individual tastes and fancies. To have everything as it should be is what they expect in that family, and I doubt if one in the group ever really remembers that it is Aunt Theresa who does it all, or at least orders the doing. But Aunt Estella comes down at Christmas time bright, merry, and full of good nature.

She is a person who lives for herself alone and who devotes herself to the care of her hands, her complexion, her dress, and her little property. She flutters about with an air of being very busy. She goes at once into the kitchen and makes a pudding. She stitches a little pocket pin cushion, in the shape of a shoe, for each of the boys, and makes a pen wiper for "Dear Brother." She takes the girls to a concert, and bestows on them one or two frills, or a bright knot of ribbon that does not become her. She sticks up an embroidered catch all in the parlor; and having managed as she always does, to get full return for everything, departs, leaving the family in tears,

She was so useful, so generous. She made the house so comfortable while she staid. Is she like poor mamma? the children asked. All are in raptures about her. But Aunt Theresa—who knows that Aunt Estella never once tidied up her own room, and who had the pleasure of waiting on her as though she had been her maid, and saw that she spent as little as she could and only gave what she cared nothing for, and that she only staid while no merrier visiting place offered—goes about rather grimly for some days. Weary limbs, weary hands, weary eyes, constant thought, constant love, the sacrifice of what women think the greatest happiness of life! All these she has given freely, and no one ever says anything about that. Does any one know? she asks herself. Ah, Aunt Theresa, perhaps not. But if a day came on which all this patient ministry should suddenly end, then they would know! It is so in everything. The man who makes one brave dash at the enemy during a war hears his praises sung throughout the land. The patient sentinel, sleepless and suffering, stands at his post, and no one ever thinks of praising him.

The comet rises into the air and vanishes, and we utter admiring ah's and oh's, but we forget to think about the sun that shines overhead all day.

That is an old story, Aunt Theresa, but I know you will not falter all the same.

Enormous Eaters.

The eating wager—two quails a day for thirty successive days—now under way at a New York restaurant has induced a correspondent to send the following printed item to a New York paper:

For many years there lived in Albany or Waterford a man named Peter Ellis, or Ellison. He died about three years ago. At the time of his death he must have been near seventy years of age. The writer saw him at Saratoga Springs in the summer of 1876. He was then a large, loose-made, big-boned, man not much under six feet in height. He was known as a most enormous eater. A dressed turkey, weighing twenty-one pounds, was roasted, and on a wager, Ellison ate the whole of it at one sitting, or within the usual time occupied at dinner, together with bread and some kind of wine. A dozen years ago a New York sporting man made an offer in the way of a bet to the late John Morrissey that he could produce a man who would eat a twenty-three pound dressed turkey roasted, and when he named Peter Ellison as his man, Mr. Morrissey said, "I know the man," and the offered bet was not accepted.

At the time alluded to, when the writer met Peter Ellison, the old man related the particulars of an eating match between another man and himself which took place many years before at Snediker's on Long Island, then a well known roadside inn much frequented by lovers of the house. The dinner was to consist of broiled spring chickens, bread and wine. The chickens were to be split open at the back, and broiled whole, or, as Peter termed it, "in spread-eagle style," and each man to take the half given him by the carver and referee. Ellison ate thirty-two halves, being sixteen chickens, and won the bet.

In the spring of 1845, at the season of making maple sugar, a student of the seminary at Manchester, Vt., Alber. Pettibone, then 19 years old, after eating what he wanted of hot maple sugar at the sugar house of his father, in that town, finished up by eating twenty-four hard boiled eggs. This was witnessed by a number of Pettibone's fellow students, whom he had invited to the sugar house to eat maple sugar and see the process of "sugaring off."

During the first cholera season in this country, that of 1832, two women living in the Marcley, or Lniskernkorl neighborhood, now in the town of Esperance, Schollerie county, sat down by themselves to a dinner of boiled green corn. After eating awhile they bantered one another as to which could eat the most of that succulent dish when green and properly boiled. One of the women ate twenty-six ears of corn and the other twenty nine. The latter felt no ill effects from her extraordinary meal. The other was almost immediately taken sick and died within thirty-six hours. The doctors said she died of Asiatic cholera.

How He Found Out.

David Ditson was the great almanac man, calculating the signs and wonders in the heavens, and furnishing the astronomical matter with which those very useful annuals abound. In former years it was his custom, in all his almanacs, to utter sage predictions as to the weather, at given periods in the course of the revolving year. Thus he would say, "About—this—time—look o t—for—a—change—of—weather;" and by stretching such a prophecy halfway down the page, he would make sure that some one of the days included in the event foretold would come to pass He got cured of this spirit of prophecy in a very remarkable manner. One summer day, clear and calm as a day could be, he was riding on horseback; it was before railroads were in vogue, and being on a journey some distance from home, and wishing to know how far it was to the town he was going to visit, he stopped at the road side and inquired of a farmer at work in the field. The farmer told him it was six miles; but he added, "you must ride sharp, or you will get a wet jacket before you reach it."

"A wet jacket!" said the astronomer; "you don't think it is going to rain do you?"

"No, I don't think so, I know so," replied the farmer; "and the longer you sit there, the more likely you are to get wet."

David thought the farmer a fool, and rode on, admiring the blue sky uncheckered by a single cloud. He had not proceeded more than half the distance to the town before the heavens were overcast, and one of those sudden showers not unusual in this latitude came down upon him. There was no place for shelter, and he was drenched to the skin. But the rain was soon over, and David thought within himself: That old man must have some way of guessing the weather that beats all my figures and facts. I will ride back and get it out of him. It will be worth more than a day's work to learn a new sign. By the time he had reached the farmer's field again the old man had resumed his labor, and David accosted him very respectfully:

"I say, my good friend, I have come all the way back to ask you how you could say that it would certainly rain to-day?"

"Ah," said the sly old fellow, "and wouldn't you like to know?"

"I would certainly; and as I am much interested in the subject, I will give you five dollars for your rule." The farmer acceeded to the terms, took the money, and proceeded to say:

"Well, you see now, we all use David Ditson's almanac around here and he is the greatest liar that ever lived; for whenever he says it's going to rain, we know it ain't; and when he says "fair weather," we look out for squalls. Now, this morning I saw it was put down for to-day, 'very pleasant,' and I knew for sartin it would rain before night. That's the rule. Use David's almanac and always read it just t'other way."

The crest-fallen astronomer plodded on his weary way, another example of a fool and his money soon parted. But that was the end of his prophesying. Since that he has made his almanacs without weatherwise sayings, leaving every man to guess for himself.

The Prettiest Woman in Paris.

The prettiest woman in Paris has returned to Paris, says Lucy Hooper's Letter. Anybody who has ever seen the fair and famous Madame Beinadaki, the celebrated Russian beauty, will know at once who I mean without any further description. I saw her in her box at the opera the other night, looking the very type of perfect, if soulless loveliness. In feature she resembles greatly the portraits of Madame Recamier. The eyes are of a deep, lovely blue, the nose aquiline, the mouth small and shaped like Cupid's bow. The exquisitely shaped head is set to perfection on the white, rounded throat, and the shoulders in mold and in coloring would put to shame the most artistic form that ever was sculptured in marble. If her face was only expressive it would be divine. In her superb toilet of white satin the other night she was simply dazzling. She does not altogether understand how to set off her own marvelous beauty. She breaks the lines of her exquisite form by wearing great masses of flowers on her corsage and she mars the outline of her shapely head by similar additions to her coiffure. It is said that she will be next season one of the queens of Parisian society. Some encumbrances which had weighed on her husband's estates will be removed, and he will come into the possession of vast wealth, which, joined to his wife's personal charms, will fully suffice to secure the position of the pair in the *beau monde*. I hope that some one of the great portrait painters of the day will, during the coming season, immortalize on canvas the face and form of this flesh and blood Venus.

Mr. and Mrs. Spoopendyke.

"And so, my dear," observed Mrs. Spookendyke, as she and her husband reached their room, and she stepped before the glass to arrange her crimps, "and so, my dear, that was the Legislature, was it? Whoever expected that I should ever see a live Legislature?"

"You didn't think it was going to be a dead one, did you?" growled Mr. Spoopendyke, who had just discovered a rip in the sleeve of his overcoat; "you don't think I brought you up here at an enormous sacrafice of comf rt and cash just to show you a stuffed Legislature, do do you?"

"N-n n-no,' faltered Mrs. Spoopendyke; "I didn't think it was exactly that. Only I wanted to know what it was about, that's all."

"Well, it was about time you got out, if that's all," retorted Mr. Spoopendyke, ripping away at the hole in his sleeve to see if the stitches were on either side of the rent. "It was about making laws, that's what it was about."

"But that's just the part I don't understand," insisted Mrs. Spoopendyke. "A law is something about being arrested, but I can't get it through my head how they make them."

"You got the law part right," ruminated Mr. Spoopendyke, "And I'm not sure but what you've hit it very close on the density of your head. I'll tell you, my dear," he continued gravely; "you saw that place with the rail around it and the man behind it; well, that is the law machine. They throw the Legislature in at one end and the law comes out of the other. They used to buy second hand laws and pour them into new bottles, but they finally caught the combination and now they make their own stock. But you want to watch it closely. None genuine without signature on the label; stand in a cool place; these laws are only good for specific crimes; for any other crime try our extra celebrated extra session laws, for sale by all druggists. See into it now? Begin to get a dim, dawning notion that a Legislature is not an aquarium? Think you would know a Legislature from a crick in your back, if you saw them coming down street arm in arm?"

"That's different from what I supposed," murmured Mrs. Spoopendyke. "I thought a Legislature was where they made up their minds whether the police did right or not."

"Did, did ye?" grinned Mr. Spoopendyke, between his teeth.

"Anyway, I'm glad I came," sighed Mrs. Spookendyke, "because I saw the Governor," and she patted down the front of her dress, and twisted herself into a bow knot to see if her pannier hung right for dinner.

Frightening Children to Sleep.

A lady in this city overheard her nurse girl the other night talking to the little child she was putting to sleep, and among other legends of the nursery in which she indulged was this:

"If you don't go right to sleep this very minute, a big, awful black bear, with eyes like coals of fire, and sharp, white, cruel teeth, will come from under the bed and e-a-t y-o-u a-l-l u-p!"

The poor little thing nestled down under the clothes and after a long season of terror fell asleep to dream frightful dreams of a horrid bear eating her up.

That night when the nurse girl had composed herself in her own comfortable bed and put the light out, there came a sudden rap at the door, and the voice of the mistress called loudly through the panel.

"Maggie! Maggie! for mercy sake get up as quick as you can! There's a fearful burglar under your bed, and as soon as you get to sleep he's coming out to rob and murder you!"

At the word burglar the girl sprang screaming from the bed, tore open the door and fell into hysterics in the hall. The lesson was even more instructive than the mistress had designed; but when the girl's fears were calmed she said to her:

"You did not hesitate to tell my little delicate child, who could not possibly know that it was a lie, a cruel story of a bear under her bed; now, when I treat you to the same kind of a slumber story, you are nearly frightened to death. Tomorrow you can go into the kitchen and work—you are not fit to care for little children."

How many children are there who, every night of their lives, are frightened to sleep?

Five men leaned up against the bar for a night-cap. One drank whiskey because the doctor ordered it, two others drank a hot scotch because they couldn't sleep a wink without it; a fourth drank brandy for his colera morbus, and the fifth man drank whiskey because he liked it. And there were only four liars in the crowd.

No estimation will ever be able to come within a stone's throw of America's mineral wealth.

All Sorts.

A man's tongue often betrays him, but he always can count on his fingers.

A statistician has estimated that courtships average three tons of coal each.

Cabbage is poor enough in autumn, but in spring it's a hard thing to get a head of it.

A weak mind is like a microscope, which magnifies things, but cannot receive great ones.

Stupidity rhymes with cupidity, and there is not much difference between them, either.

It is singular that the dead of winter is the liveliest time of the year in a great city.

When it comes to the question of beauty, women are not a Mutual Admiration Society.

There is no excuse for snoring when twelve clothespins can be bought for one cent.

If a weak young man finds that chess-playing hurts him, he should buy a chess protector.

If a milkman went to a masquerade ball disguised as a pump he would be well handled.

Sometimes when a doctor orders you to a warmer climate he does not refer to the other world.

When the signal service reports that the rivers will remain stationary it means those rivers that are never tide.

There is this difference between a newspaper and a farmer. The former teems with items and the latter teams with oxen.

Selfishness mars the loveliest actions; it stains the fairest beauty; it dims the brightest lustre; it blotches the most munificent charity.

There are some marriages which remind us of the poor fellow who said, "She could not get any husband and I could not get any wife, so we got married."

Virginia mediums claim that they can call up a spirit that slaps the mouths of spectators. One of these fine evenings that spirit is going to slap the wrong man.

The best definition of "stepmother" tell us that she is a mother who spoils her own children and steps on those which she has unwillingly inherited by marriage.

The lawyers are so opposed possibly for financial reasons, to the noble doctrines of free agencies, that they won't allow a man's will to be respected even if he is dead.

"Mrs. Lofty," said the teacher, "your son has contracted some very bad habits." "Glad to hear you say so," was the answer: "his bad habits certainly needed contracting."

You can't make yourself good by simply going to church, and after that doing as you please, any more than you can make yourself polite by swallowing the dancing master.

A man who crossed the Atlantic for the first time said he did not think he was much of a sailor at starting, but when he was one day out he felt as if he could heave up the anchor.

A bright little girl noticing among the company at her father's residence on a certain occasion a gentleman whose face was considerably pockmarked, inquired who the "moth-eaten gentleman was."

The very meanest boy in existence saw a man in the act of slipping down and yelled to him: "There's an egg in your hip pocket!" The slipping man didn't have time to reflect that the statement was true, but the frantic efforts he made to save himself were terrible to witness.

The latest mode of popping the question was introduced by an Evansville young man. The present cold snap nerved him to ask his adored: 'Miranda, do you wish to warm your feet against my back this winter?" And Miranda blushed and softly murmured: "It's going to be a terrible cold winter, John."

Prohibition Sleeping-Car.

"Have you ever seen the new style of sleeping cars?" inquired a drummer of the conductor.

"No, I think not," he replied; "what are they like?"

"Well, they differ from any I have yet seen, and I don't they will be very popular."

"What are they called?"

"Prohibition cars."

"That's a somewhat singular name," thoughtfully mused the ticket taker.

"Why are they so called?"

"Because," said the cute commercial traveler, "they won't have any porter a board."—*Drake's Travellers' Magazine.*

Faith in the Seventh Son.

TROY, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Charles Briody, the well-known base ball player, engaged as catcher of the Cleveland nine, is at his home in Lansingburgh. He has heard much of late of the wonderful cures effected by Coran, the Troy healer, and it brings the fact to his mind that he is also the seventh son of a seventh son. He says a young lady residing near his home was afflicted with a throat difficulty, which baffled the skill of many physicians. By some means she became aware that Briody was a seventh son, and had full faith that he could relieve her. She sought his assistance, and, though he at first ridiculed the idea, he succeeded in curing her by rubbing the affected part with his hands. Briody is in earnest about the matter, and intends to make general use of his powers.

When you fish about in your pockets for a nickel can you realize that the amount of coin in circulation in this country is over $700,000,000?

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by chronic dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion that follows an attack of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you, too, may be strengthened and restored.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Guenther's Lung Healer,

IMPROVE THE HOUR

TRADE MARK.

For the cure of CONSUMPTION,

Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price 25c., 50c. and $1 00. Ask your Druggist for it.

GUENTHER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. nov20-6m

FOR SALE—A choice lot of Pure Bred Plymouth Rock and Brown Leghorn Chickens. This is a rare chance for lovers of fine poultry to improve their stock.

3-4t JAS. I. McCLURE, Bellefonte, Pa.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength nd security, at standard rates.

NSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.

HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-1f

YOCUM & HARSHBERGER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office northeast corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 40-4w

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS

ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law

Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D. Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1t

SENATOR EDMUNDS.

How He is Fixed in Washington and at Burlington—His Tussel With the Tax Collectors—On a Fishing Expedition.

The Washington correspondent of the *Record* writes that Senator Edmunds is believed to be in very comfortable circumstances. He has a good brick house on Massachusetts avenue in this city, and a good frame house at Burlington, Vt., and he lives very nicely in both. He has big rugs and big dogs in both. He is as fond of them as he is of a good table and a good sideboard. But he is a very careful man. Probably that's the reason he is a very comfortable man. His Burlington dwelling is the only house on the street without a strip of sidewalk before it. The sidewalk comes down to the senator's line; then there is a break of gravel, then the sidewalk. The senator would not lay a sidewalk. He was only there in summer, he said, and gravel was good enough for him. The town did not lay the pavement, because it doubted whether it would ever get its money back. It knew that the senator did not pay taxes willingly. It remembered that when the legislature passed an act levying a personal tax the senator quietly declared it unconstitutional and announced that he would pay no taxes under it except such as were wrung from him by force. The assessors didn't have much luck with the senator. The act gave them the right to double the value of all the personal property they could find. They strongly suspected that the senator was worth something like half a million. But all that they could find was a cow, a horse or two, some jewelry, a gold watch, some furniture, and so on, worth in all two or three thousand dollars. They doubted it. They collected about one tenth the tax they ought to have collected. The senator smiled grimly and stroked the silky back of his largest dog. The senator never wastes anything, not even words. Last summer he invited two friends, both well-to-do lawyers like himself, though not so well known outside of New York, to fish from a salmon stream annually placed at his disposal by some Canadian friend. He gave his guests an idea of the number of days he contemplated remaining on the stream, and informed them that it would be a "basket lunch"—everybody to contribute something to the general table. The lawyers were delighted with the invitation and rather impressed with the fact that it was extended by a man who was wanted by some people for President of the United States. They equipped themselves as though for an Artic expedition. They did not see the senator again until they reached the fishing camp. He had preceded them. They could not see the baggage he brought. It was presumably under cover somewhere. Their baggage was perfectly preceptible. The first man to unpack turned out potted meats and vegetables, dried meats and fruit, preserves, jellies, bread, cakes, crackers, cheese, sauces, condiments, wines, liquors, cigars and all the other good things to be found in Boston. Then the senator's other guest opened his hamper. He had almost every edible that the other fellow had, and more drinkables. The contents of the two magazines covered about all the vacant space there was around that camp. When they had laid everything they had on the ground the guests looked at their host, who was quietly stroking his long white beard, as, who should say: "Show your hand, senator!" The senator returned to his baggage train and soon reappeared, bearing his contribution without difficulty in his two hands. Some crackers, some cheese, some simple dried and salted meats, a little good brandy, and that was about all. The guests had profound respect for the senator, but I'm afraid that their somewhat disrespectful opinion of the man was fully visible in their faces. He is a very careful man as well as a very good senator.

An Artist's Model.

An artist of my acquaintance was searching for a model in the streets of New York. Crossing Union Square, he saw the very type of face he required. The owner of the face was seated on one of the benches in an attitude of cheerful expectancy. The artist accosted the old man and asked if he would pose. He readily consented, went to the studio at the appointed time, was employed, gave satisfaction, and became a sort of retainer at the studio. His massive white head and large white beard met with favor in æsthetic circles. By degrees items of his personal history came to light. He had been a gold digger in California in the early days of the mining excitement. He claimed to have experienced fifteen shipwrecks in the capacity of a sea-captain. Left an orphan at an early age, he had been educated by a physician, and had acquired some knowledge of medicine. Fate threw him among the Indians of the far West, presumably on his way from the gold-diggings, and he became a medicine man. He was learned in natural philosophy, and possessed a mineralygical cabinet and also a singular collection of roots, each twisted by nature into the shape of one of the letters of the alphabet. He painted shells skillfully, and had an ambition to go round the world in a canoe. This remarkable person also wrote poetry and was a Yankee. It needed only a masterbrush to make this same representative Yankee as classic as a Millet peasant.

Medical.

WARNER'S SAFE

KIDNEY & LIVER CURE

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and connections said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

New Life

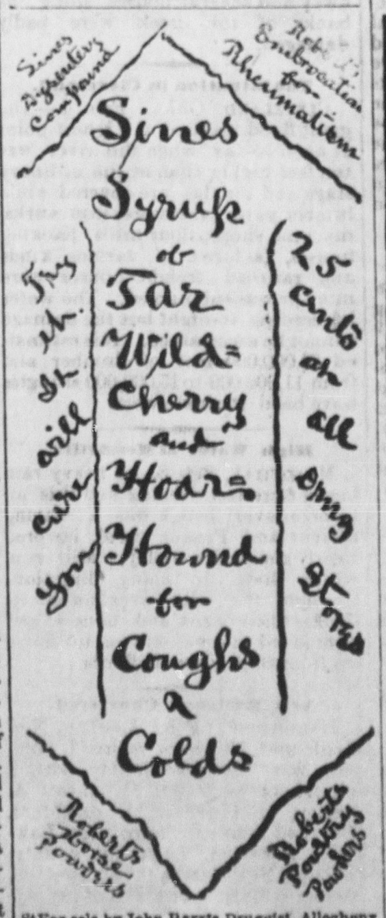
is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

> *Gentlemen:* I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "*just as good.*" The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.


Sines Pyrgative Compound
Rebellion for Rheumatism
Sines
Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Horehound for Coughs & Colds
Try it. It will cure you
25 cents or all Drug Stores
Roberts Horse Powders
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St For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny reet Bellefonte Pa. d&w Mar17 1y

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

O. M'Clintock & Co.

Manufacturers' Agents and Jobbers in

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, RUGS, Etc.

We invite the attention of the trade to the inducements we offer.

We have the largest and strongest lines in all grades we have ever offered to the trade. We handle only standard makes. We will sell at the lowest Jobbers' Prices. We guarantee prompt delivery.

O. M'Clintock & Co.

33 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

14-6 4td&wj30

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the undersigned, a [illegible] heifer, about September last, a Bull with brindle sides, white back, left ear slit, right ear notched, supposed to be about two years old in the spring. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law. ANDREW HEATON. Boggs township. 15-4-3t

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on the disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 15 2 8t 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress 14-21tf

Shall a Cough Carry You Off?

"Exactly. You're right. It is a mercy that there's a dozen pounds left of me. But the greatest mercy of all is that before I actually coughed myself out of existence I got hold of Parker's Ginger Tonic, and a few bottles of it cured me." In this positive strain writes Mr. Abraham Orner, of Highspire, Dauphin Co., Pa. The Tonic will render you the same service. It is not a mere essence of ginger, but an original compound of powerful curatives. It stimulates, warms, soothes and tones up the system. 15 4 4w

Ely's Cream Balm,

A Sure Cure for Catarrh and Hay Fever.

Messrs. Wm. Rust & Sons, druggists, New Brunswick, N. J.: Since boyhood I have been troubled with Catarrh and Hay fever, and have been unable to obtain permanent relief until I used ELY'S CREAM BALM, which has cured me. E. L. CLICKENDEN, New Brunswick, N. J. Price 50 cents. Will mail it. ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Oswego, N. Y. 15 4 4w

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Eagleville Station, Centre Co., Pa.

FRANK R. STOVER, PROPRIETOR.

Convenient to depot. Meals at all hours Good stock of Cigars always on hand. 14-50-3m

Medical.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.

Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt. CHICAGO.

14-34-1y

QUEEN & CO.

THE GREAT OPTICIANS,

924 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE, SUPERIOR SKILL, SUPERIOR LENSES and SUPERIOR FACILITIES

For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.

LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.

Do not trifle with your eyes by using UNSUITABLE GLASSES.

Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. jan1 d6mawly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Rescued at Sea.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 1.—The British steamer Melita, Captain Calvert, from Shields, Eng., reached her dock in Charlestown yesterday morning, having on board the crew of the schooner John Albert Smith, of St. Johns, N. F., which was abandoned at sea on January 29. Captain Calvert reports having had a terrible experience with his own vessel. He sailed on Jan. 6, and for thirteen days of the passage the weather was terrible. Most of the time it blew a hurricane and the waves were mountains high, causing the ship to roll and labor heavily and ship great quantities of water fore and aft. Such was the violence of the waves which boarded the steamer that the boats were smashed, both lower and upper bridges carried away, together with the companion, and the foreboom was snapped like a piece of pipe stem. A solid iron block was broken as if made of glass, and considerable other damage was done about the dock.

On Monday forenoon, January 20, a vessel apparently in distress was sighted to leeward, rolling and pitching in the heavy seas. The steamer's course was at once altered to speak to the vessel, and in a short time she was near enough to make out that the disabled craft was a schooner apparently in sinking condition, and that her crew desired to be taken off. After much difficulty all the crew of the schooner, six in number, were taken on board and the boat started for the steamer, which after much hard work was safely reached. Here again great trouble was experienced in getting alongside, and although all hands managed to reach the steamer's deck the life boat was smashed to atoms. The names of the rescued men are as follows: Captain, John P. Dunne; John Boylan, mate; Michael Carney, steward; Edward Britt, John Yeo, Michael Tobin, seamen.

New York's Conflagration.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the large pier owned and occupied by the Inman steamship company, on the North river, near Canal street. A quantity of vitriol on the wharf caught fire and as carboy after carboy exploded the flames were scattered in every direction. Half an hour after the first alarm the huge shed was a mass of fire, and the flames were eating their way along the bank and causing the utmost consternation among those having vessels close by. The glare lighted up the river to the Jersey shores, disclosing scores of tug boats steaming in all directions in answer to the distress signals from vessels in danger. The steamship Egypt soon caught fire, and as tugs moved her slowly into the stream her yards and forward bulwarks were aflame and the panic among the shipping became general. In the stream the fire enveloped her from stem to stern, and busy little tug boats surrounded her, deluging her with water. Clouds of sparks from the burning pier shot high into the air and set fire to canal boats and other small craft moored in the neighboring slips, and continued threatening a general conflagration until the tugs had moved every vessel from the docks. The loss will not be much short of a half million dollars.

A Warning to Prize Fighters.

PITTSBURGH, January 31.—The condition of McFarren, one of the principals in a prize fight which recently took place at Rochester, N. Y., is reported to be very serious and but slight hopes are entertained of his recovery. A swede named Gilson, who fought several weeks ago near Sharon, Pa., is also said to be dying from the effects of injuries there received.

Cetewayo Reinstated.

ULUNDI, Jan. 31.—Cetewayo has been reinstated king of Zululand. About 5,000 Zulus were present at the ceremony. Many chiefs expressed great dissatisfaction at the conditions on which he was restored.

Blast of the Blizzard.

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 2.—A blizzard is prevailing over the entire state. The winter is the most severe for years.

CHEYENNE, Feb. 2.—A heavy snow storm has prevailed for the past four days. Cattle are suffering and it is feared the loss will be heavy. Temperature, thirty degrees below zero.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb 2.—The snow storm here has turned into a blizzard. Traffic on all northwestern railroads has been suspended.

CHICAGO, Feb 2.—About noon today snow began falling heavily and continued nearly the entire afternoon. Trains in every direction were interfered with. Those from the east were delayed several hours. To the westward and northwestward the trouble is more serious and some lines are blockaded.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 2.—The Union Pacific train due at Ogden this evening is delayed by snow near Sherman. The train which left Ogden yesterday is at Green River. It is not known when the trains will get through. The northern portion of the Utah and Northern railroad is blockaded and travel is abandoned.

A Bankrupt Novelist.

NEWBURG, N. Y., February 1.—James G. Roe, proprietor of the Glen Ridge house, a well known summer resort at Cornwall, this county, yesterday afternoon made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. It is stated that his failure was caused by the dullness of the boarding house business at Cornwall last season. Edward P. Roe, author of "Barriers Burned Away" and other popular novels and a brother of Jas. G., has also made an assignment, caused by heavily indorsing for his brother. It is believed that the embarrassment of Mr. E. P. Roe will be only temporary. No statement has been authorized, but it is stated that James G's liabilities are from $40,000 to $50,000, and those of his brother one half as as much. The assignee of both men is Leonard N. Wryant postmaster of Cornwall-on-the Hudson, one of the largest creditors of both. The Newburg *Journal* says: "From the well known integrity of the two men there can be no doubt that the creditors, large and small, will ultimately be paid in full."

The American Eagle.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 1.—In the house of representatives yesterday morning there was introduced, but not debated, a bill providing that "every person who shall shoot, snare or kill in any way the bird known as and called the American eagle shall for every such bird so killed be fined not less than $25 and be imprisoned not more than thirty days, the bill to take effect immediately on its passage." A member, to the surprise of his associates, moved its reference to the committee on judiciary, while another wanted it referred to the committee on federal relations. In view of the fact that of late years large numbers of American eagles have been shot in this state by sportsmen and others, for no plausible reason, and that the eagle is likely to become extinct unless action by the state interposes to prevent, this bill is likely to become a law.

Sensation in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, February 2.—The failure of the Union iron and steel company, of Chicago, created a profound sensation in this city. The Messrs. A. B. Smith and Amassa Stone and other Cleveland capitalists owned probably two-thirds of the stock, and the greater part of the sum owed for ore is due to companies having their headquarters here. It was known that the company was embarassed, but the failure was unexpected, even to the stockholders, who first learned of it through the Associated Press dispatches. A prominent banker said to day that there was not one ore or coke company in the country but possessed its contracts in the Union company, and that no establishment anywhere had a better credit. Its iron and steel works were regarded among the best in the world.

Governor Pattison's Nominations.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 31.—In the senate to-day the consideration of the appointments of the governor for sealers of weights and measures in Philadelphia, resulted in a motion to confirm Messrs. Sensenderfer and Iseminger, which was lost by a vote of 20 yeas to 23 nays.

The committee on general judiciary reported that there was no vacancy in the office of Recorder of Philadelphia, and asked that the nomination of Mr. Smith be not confirmed. The report was laid on the table, and on the motion to confirm the yeas were 11 and nays 26.

Will be Investigated.

DETROIT, January 31.—Charges of a very circumstantial nature having been made in one or more newspapers that the friends of Senator Ferry and the managers of his canvass at Lansing had approached various members of the republican opposition with offers of postoffices, clerkships, control of federal patronage, and even foreign appointments as bribes, to induce them to vote for Ferry in the pending contest, the lower houses of the legislature to-day adopted a resolution calling for an investigation.

A Colored Politician's Suicide.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb., 1.—Sam Wakefield (colored), a prominent politician, a State Senator in 1874, and Deputy Naval Officer until last December, when he was discharged, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself through the head. He leaves a wife and seven children in New Liberia.

An Oil Blaze.

CLEVELAND, O., February 3.—At 6 o'clock this morning a petroleum tank in Shurmer & Teagle's refinery on the Kingsburg run exploded and blazing oil flowed down to and spread over the creek, which was swollen by the heavy rains to the size of a river. The oil floated down to the Standard oil works, which at 3 o'clock this afternoon were on fire, and a sweeping conflagration is threatened. Half a dozen tanks are blazing, and the reservoir of benzine is in danger.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, February 4—The fire at the Standard oil works is nearly exhausted. The scene of the conflagration resembles chaos, and a gentleman well informed in such matters says it will take two years to restore the works to their condition of two days ago. Colonel Payne, treasurer of the company, thinks that not more than $50,000 barrels of oil were burned, and says the loss cannot be stated until the flood subsides and a careful examination is made. The fire is still burning in spots, and to-night illumines the wrecks of ten receiving tanks, twenty to thirty stills and other similar works. Three hundred thousand dollars is probably a moderate estimate of the company's loss.

A Corner in Pork and Lard.

CHICAGO, February 2.—The market advance in pork and lard to-day has led to a very general impression among board of trade men that a squeeze in provisions for February has begun. The advance on 'change was not particularly marked, but on call they made a decided jump and closed strong amid considerable excitement. Rumor has it that Armour & Co. hold two hundred thousand barrels of pork and have a long line of shorts not only in this country but in Europe also. The small receipts indicate that the stock of marketable hogs is almost exhausted, so that a corner can be run with comparative ease.

Gladstone to Return.

LONDON, February 2.—The *Times* says the fact that Gladstone will return to London at the end of the next week is very satisfactory, as just after his arrival at Cannes the doctor held a consultation as to whether it would not be necessary for him to prolong his holiday until after Easter. It is understood that on the meeting of parliament the Irish members will make a vehement attack upon the administration of the crimes act, but they do not intend for the present to report to direct obstruction. Gladstone himself has been foremost in urging the executive to use all its powers in bringing the offenders in Ireland to justice.

The Newhall House Inquest.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 1.—The inquest in the Newhall House disaster was finished to-day. The jury deliberated several hours and then adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow. Scheller, who was arrested for setting the hotel afire, publishes a statement to-day, embodying a general denial of having removed the billiard balls, explaining the removal of the whiskey as being caused by want of room in the hotel, and stating that the insurance was not more than the actual value of the stock. The statement was written by a lawyer, at Scheller's dictation in jail.

Arrest of a Patent Medicine Man

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Dr. Charles L. Blood, the patent medicine man, was to-day arrested, charged with having sold medical preparations without affixing to each bottle the required internal revenue stamp. The penalty is $50 for each bottle, and is he is alleged to have sold 1,000 bottles the government brings suit for $50,000. Blood has offices in different cities, and publishes a paper in the interest of his medicines. Bail was required in the sum of $50,000.

Society of the Army of the Potomac.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 31.—The society of the Army of the Potomac will hold its fourteenth annual meeting in this city on the 16th and 17th of May, 1883. The executive committee are making special efforts to increase the membership of the society and have caused notice to be given that all who served in the Army of the Potomac and who were honorably discharged or are still in the service are entitled to become members.

The Fire still Raging.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Jan. 31.—The fire in the Bear Valley shaft is extending and is now burning breasts Nos. 9 and 10 and in two manways. Large quantities of burning matter are being drawn out. The temperature at the breasts is very high and fire can be heard burning from the gangway. The official will endeavor to extinguish the fire if possible without flooding the mine, as that would entail great expense.

Buried Under The Snow.

CHESTER BUTTE, Col., January 31.—A snow slide three miles from here last night buried thirty miners. The building in which they were sleeping was crushed to atoms. After several hours' hard work the men were uncovered. Five were found dead and eighteen wounded, several fatally

Murdered Her Child.

ERIE, February 2.—Libby Raible, a student at the state normal school at Edinburg, was arrested to-day in Cleveland, Ohio, for the murder of her illegitimate child born January 23. The remains of the child were found in a field partially burned.

Crookedness at Pottsville.

POTTSVILLE, February 4.—This city is greatly excited over revelations made yesterday in a special auditors' report, which was presented to the court at 10 o'clock in the morning, exposing gross mismanagement, extravagance and fraud in the administration of the almshouse. The auditors find that during the year 1882 $45,640.84, or more than half the entire revenue for the support of the poor, was expended ostensibly for outdoor relief, but that many thousands of this were spent to reward personal friends and make political capital. "Pocket" orders for all sorts of supplies, including quantities of whisky and cigars, and of which no record was kept in the office, were distributed and afterwards paid to the extent of hundreds of dollars in a week's trip. Each director issued these pocket orders at will, without asking the advice or consent of his collegues, and put them where they would do the most good for himself.

Destructive Floods at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—The ice went out of French creek, at Franklin this afternoon, taking away the upper French creek bridge, doing great damage to the oil wells along the banks and tearing away many derricks and oil tanks. The ice in the river also moved out, destroying many oil wells on the river banks. At Parker the river is seven feet high and rising fast. It has been raining steadily all day. The ice broke in Clarion river and is running past Park, but it gorged at Miller's eddy twenty feet high

Dispatches from Canton, Ohio, say the incessant rain of several days past and thawing ice have swollen the streams about there until to-night they are rushing torrents A large part of the Second ward is flooded and about one hundred families have been forced to seek shelter in other parts of the city.

Incendiaries in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 4.—An attempt to set fire to the Pan Handle hotel, on the South side, was discovered and frustrated yesterday morning. Over one hundred working men board at the place. One who arose earlier than usual on going into the bathroom discovered that a lot of rubbish had been saturated with oil and ignited and was burning briskly. A few minutes later fire was also discovered in the parlor, the carpet there having also been saturated with oil. The fire in both places was extinguished before much harm was done and a panic was prevented. George Bridge, the proprietor of the hotel, states that this is the fifth time an attempt has been made to fire his hotel within a month.

Taken from Jail and Hanged.

WINFIELD, Kan., Feb. 1.—Young Cobb, who shot and mortally wounded Sheriff Shenneman some days ago while the latter was attempting to arrest him, and who, a few days before, shot and killed a constable in Jefferson county, was taken out of jail here between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning by a party of masked men and hanged to a railroad bridge on the outskirts of the town. Last evening he confessed to Mrs. Shenneman, the widow of the dead Sheriff, that he was Charles Cobb, and gave her his revolver. Subsequently he stated to Sheriff McIntyre that he had been influenced to the commiittal of the murder by reading of the exploits of Jesse James and other desperadoes. The Coroner will hold an inquest.

Five Hundred Houses Submerged.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 4.—On Saturday night this city was visited by a disastrous flood, which inundated about five hundred houses along Pearl, Globe, Boylston, Florence, Pine, Main and other streets. The lower part of the city was submerged in some cases to the depth of ten feet. The flood was caused by the rains of Friday and Saturday and the melting of the snow on the mountains. Five bridges were swept away and several houses along the banks of the creek were badly damaged.

The Situation in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio., Feb. 4.—The great flood reached its highest point at noon to-day when the river was ten feet higher than at the ordinary stage and the flats are covered while lumber yards, elevators, iron works, machine shops, flour mills, packing houses, factories of various kinds and railroad freight houses were more or less submerged. The water is receding to-night but the damage cannot be ascertained. It is estimated 23,000,000 feet of lumber and from 11,000,000 to 15,000,000 shingles have been washed away.

High Water at Meadville.

MEADVILLE, Feb. 3.—A heavy rain began here last evening and this afternoon every brook was a roaring torrent and French creek covered nearly the entire valley. Mill run, which flows in many directions through the city, overflowed its banks, filled barns and houses and compelled many families to move up from their ground floors.

New Railroad Chartered.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 1.—The New Castle and Northern railroad company was chartered to-day with a capital of $250,000. James A. Neeley, of Pittsburg, is president. The road is to run from near Lawrence Junction, Lawrence county, through New Castle to Sharpsville, Mercer county, a distance of twenty-five miles.

Andrew Jackson Killed by a Negro.

BATON ROUGE, Feb. 1.—Andrew Jackson and Sam Thomas, a colored fireman on the steamer Banks, had a difficulty last night, when Thomas struck Jackson with a billet of wood, killing him instantly. Jackson's body was put ashore here, and Thomas was arrested.

An Editor Acquitted.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 31.—E. A. Niven, associate editor of the *Union-Leader*, who was sued last fall for libel by Seba Vanlon, democratic candidate for prothonotary, was acquitted to-night.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The rector and all the members of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church of this place have especial cause for rejoicing just at this time. On Sunday, the 28th ult., Rev. John Hewittt announced the unpleasant fact that the parish was in debt $300 and proposed an increase in the subscriptions of the members to make up all deficiency. On Sunday morning he had the pleasure of announcing that during the past week an unknown friend of the parish had notified him that if he would call at his business office during this week he would give him a check sufficiently large to defray the entire debt. The generous unknown has the thanks of the rector and members of the church and their prayers for a divine blessing upon him.

—At a dinner party the little son of the host and hostess was allowed to come down to dessert. Having had what the mother considered a sufficiency of fruit, he was told he must not have any more, when, to the surprise of every one of the guests, he exclaimed: "If you don't give me some more I'll tell." A fresh supply was at once given him and as soon as it was finished he repeated his threat; whereupon he was suddenly and forcibly removed from the table and was being carried from the room when he called out: "The reason the dinner isn't good is because the groceries didn't come from Sechler's store." "That's the truth," said the hostess. "I didn't have time to go to the store, and consequently sent the girl. She didn't go to Sechler's store, but to another establishment, and consequently I couldn't cook anything nicely. I didn't know there was such a difference in groceries. But I shall see that the mistake is not repeated. You know that I have quite a reputation for my abilities as a cook; and it is quite embarrassing to encounter such a disastrous failure." The impromptu speech had its effect upon the ladies at the table and they are all patronizing Sechler's grocery store.

—The people of Eagleville cry aloud for more respectable and comfortable depot accommodations. They are compelled to walk a long distance to the depot building, where there is often little or no fire. The effect is disagreeable and dangerous to the health of the traveling people of that town. To wait in a desolate, cold, cheerless room an indefinite time for a train to arrive is one of the most unpleasant duties of life. We make this complaint by request of residents of that place, and if there is a just cause for it, we respectfully ask the railroad company to grant the petition of the aforesaid citizens.

—Consult your highest interest by buying all groceries of Harry Teats & Co., on High street.

—A visit to the water works this morning by two of our competent corps of reporters revealed the agreeable fact that everything about that institution is in apple pie order. The interior apartments are very clean and in good state of repair and the competent engineer, Mr. Bateman, takes pride in attending to all the details of work in the most careful manner possible. It is true that the front of the building does not present a very inviting appearance, but that is beyond his power to remedy. The fountain in the spring is a great improvement.

—Where can finer cigars be bought than those sold by Harry Green?

—The rain of last Friday night congealed beautifully on the pavements, streets and every other spot which it touched. The result was disastrous for pedestrians, but pleasing in the highest degree to the small boy who could make unlimited use of his sled, the next day being Saturday and a holiday.

—Judge Agnew spoke to the assembled Senators and Representatives in the hall of the House at Harrisburg on Thursday in favor of the Constitutional Prohibitory Amendment. His speech consumed an hour and a half in its delivery. After it was finished many of the members of both branches of the legislature stepped forward and congratulated him.

—The happy man is the man who buys his groceries of Sechler.

—We observed the sun only about a half hour last Friday, betwen 1 and 2 o'clock p. m., consequently we do not think the ground hog saw enough of his shadow to frighten him into close confinement for another six long weeks to come. We are encouraged to believe that he will frequently venture out and enjoy the mild temperature of spring. But that terrific blizzard reported in recent telegrams disturbs our otherwise peaceful reflections to some extent.

—The midwinter (February) *Century*, containing the first chapter of Mr. Howells's new novel, "A Woman's Reason," is out of print, and a new edition is on the press.

MARRIED.

BANEY—CARR.—On the evening of January 30, 1883, at the Evangelical parsonage at Milesburg, Pa., by the Rev. T. M. Morris, Mr. Harvey Baney and Miss Lizzie Carr, all of Bellefonte.

REAM—WEAVER.—On the 18th of January, at Aaronsburg, by Rev. E. Stambach, Mr. Michael Ream, of Penn Hall, and Miss Candace Weaver, of Penn township.

DIED.

BUMILLER.—On the 9th of January, of heart disease, in the city of Munich, Germany, Mr. Franz Joseph Bumiller, chief surveyor of the King of Bavaria, father of R. A. Bumiller, one of the proprietors of the Millheim *Journal*. He was 51 years old.

SHAFER.—On the 19th of January, in Miles township, Mr. Samuel Shafer, aged 79 years, 5 months and 16 days.

Pittsburgh Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THIS PAPER BY R. BEATTY, SON & CO., No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE.

Established in 1850. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.

Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., February 5, 1883.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 4 00; Good 3 50a4 00; medium, 2 50 a 3 00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c, per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 25a27c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 35a40c.; Choice Ohio, 18a20c., Extra Choice Ohio, 22a25c; Medium, 12a15c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 2 40a2 50; Medium, 2 00a2 25; Mixed, 1 50a2 00; Lima, 7a7½c. lb.

BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c.; Shoulders, 9a10c.

BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 8a9c.; No. 1 hurl, 7a8c.; choice short green, 4a5c.; inferior, 3a4c.

CIDER—Per bbl. 00a10 00; crab apple 9 00a10 00

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8a10c.; do., quarters, 6a7.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do. 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 15a17c per lb.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 3 00a3 50 per box.; Messina Oranges, 3 50a4 00 per box; Val. 7 00 a 7 50 per case; Bananas, 2 00 a 4 00 per bunch.

FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c. Mixed, 45a50c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 23a25c.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 15; Clover, 5 00a 5 50 for small; 7 00a7 50 for large.

VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 13a15c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 85a 90c. per bush Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Onions, 1 50 o 1 80 per bbl.; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 00a2 50; Cranberries, 4 75a5 00 per box. 15 00a16 00 per bbl.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 12c.; do., 12½c.; Prime Rio, 10½c.; Good Rio, 9½c.; Ordinary, 8c.; Java, 20a22c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 16a 20c.; lower grades, 12½a18c.; in bulk, 11½a 15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 24a25c.

SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 8¾c.; Windsor A 8¼c.; Prairie B, 8¼c.; Refined Yellow, 7a 7½c.; Molasses Yellow, 7¼a8c.; Granulated, 9¼c.; Powdered, 9¾c. Crushed, low, 9¾c.; Cut Loaf, 9¾c.

SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 38c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 39c; Choice Sugar Syrup, 49c.; Prime Sugar Syrup, 50c.; Good Sugar syrup, 48c.; Black Strap, 28a29c.

RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 5¾a6¾c.; Carolina, 6a7¾c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 60c.; Strictly Prime, 58c.; Prime, 56c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb., 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c a1 00; Imperial, 35a80c.; Japan, 28a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a55c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 50a7 75; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 50a7 75; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 00 a6 25; Choice Family (choice red winter), 5 25 a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 50a 5 75; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 00a6 25; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 5 75a6 00; Cornmeal, 85a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75 Buckwheat flour, 3½a3¾.

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 15 00a15 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter, 1 10a1 12; Medium, 1 00a1 05.

CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 54a55; Yellow, Shelled, 55a56; Ear Corn, 50a55.

OATS—46a47.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb. 13½c.; Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 9¾c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 13½c.; Ex. S. C. Dried Beef, in sets, 12½c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 11½c.; do., in half bbls., 11¾c; do., in buckets, 12c¾; do., 3 lb. pails, 60 lbs. in case, 13c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 12¾c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 12¾c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 12¾c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 5 75a 6 25; Common to Good Butchering, 5 00a5 50; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a4 50; Veals, 6 50a7 50

SHEEP—Common to Fair, 3 50a4 00; Good to Prime, 4 50a5 50; Lambs, 4 50a6 00.

HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 6 50a6 60; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 6 25a6 45; Grassers, 5 00a5 50.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, February 6, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel		$1 00
Wheat—No. 2,		90
Wheat—No. 3,		80
Buckwheat		50
Rye per bushel		70
Corn		60
Corn (shelled)		65
Oats		45
Cloverseed, fair to good	6 00 to 6	50
do prime to extra prime	7 00 to 7	25
do choice	7	50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6	40
Flour, wholesale	5	60

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	12 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 0

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	7
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	19
Country Bacon	14
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	90
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	45
Dried sweet corn per pound	12½

A DREAM.

'Twas in the glorious month of June,
The time when roses sweetly bloom,
The birds sang out in joyful tune
And laughing brooks dispelled the gloom.

I wandered far into the wood,
Nor stopped until I reached a bank,
Whereon the hemlock proudly stood
And violets grew in clusters rank.

Fatigued, I sat me down to rest,
And gazed into the cloudless sky,
And on the trees in emerald drest,
And in the brooklet gurgling by.

While sitting thus, midst flowers bright,
I fell asleep and dreamed a dream
So real it filled me with delight,
And joy arose, a swollen stream.

Before my wondering sight, behold
A vision rose of silvery light,
The garments pure the wind unrolled,
And showed a being heavenly bright.

Her youthful face was wondrous fair,
Her eyes, like stars, were clear and bright.
She wore a crown of golden hair,
And thus she stood, a beauteous sight.

Yet while I gazed in rapture bound,
She, smiling, spake and bade me rise.
I trembling rose and looked around;
She smiled and pointed to the skies.

I turned my eyes and upward gazed,
But who could paint the vision there?
Astonished much, I looked amazed.
Above our heads, high in the air

An angel beckoned us to rise,
And held her outstretched hand to me.
I knew no fear but watched her eyes,
And upward rose so light and free,

Hand in hand, between the two,
I left the earth so far below
It seemed a tiny speck of blue;
My heart with love was all aglow.

At length we saw a city vast
with pearly gates and golden wall;
We sounded loud a bugle blast,
And angels answered to the call.

A porter opened wide the door,
And bade us welcome home again,
To dwell in peace forevermore,
All free from cares and griefs of men.

The streets were paved with solid gold,
And every house a palace rose,
From whence the sweetest music rolled
And all was love and sweet repose.

My guides then onward led the way,
And paused before a mansion white,
From whence shone forth the light of day,
And this was writ in letters bright:

"All they who enter at the door
Shall leave their earthly garments here
For robes of white that change no more."
I onward pressed in trembling fear,

With kindly words two angels bright
Came forth, who drew me gently in
And wrapped my form in finest white,
Which seemed to free my soul from sin.

For now I felt my heart grow strong,
And knew the sin had left my soul;
Oh, joy! I raised my voice in song
Which seemed to onward, onward roll.

And echoes catching up the sound
Prolonged it far from gate to gate,
Till angels heard it all around
And said, "'Tis she who entered in so late."

From thence we went with rapid flight,
And reached the palace of the King,
Where hosts of cherubs met our sight,
Who daily gather there to sing

And praise the Lord of earth and heaven,
My soul was filled with love and praise
To him whose life was freely given
To save me from my sinful ways.

'Twas long I stood there wondering more,
Till some one called me by my name
And said, "My child, thy time is o'er,
And now thou must return again.

But if thou wouldst come here to dwell
With heavenly angels round the throne,
Thou must perform thy mission well,
And save some soul besides thine own.

Then this, my child, thy home shall be
With Him who saved thee by His grace;
To dwell through all eternity,
And meet the Saviour face to face."

Anguish siezed upon my heart,
And darkness gathered o'er my sight;
Oh! Angels fair, must I depart
And lay aside my robe of white?

Must I take back the load of sin,
And put the earthly garment on?
Can I the battle ever win?
My heart was sad, my courage gone.

Then I awoke and gazed around,
And knew that I had been asleep.
The woods were still, without a sound.
I prayed the Lord my soul to keep.

For fear had taken hold my heart
Lest I should fail to do the task
Which God had justly set apart,
So now His help I daily ask.

And trust that through His grace and love,
I may perform my task aright
And join the throng to dwell above,
And wear again my robe of white.

M. E. WILLIS.

—Lillie Langtry, the Queen of the Stage, the most beautiful woman in the world, etc., has written a letter to the editor of the Atlanta *Constitution*, giving the story of her life. Her father, grandfather and great grandfather were dignitaries in the Church of England. She grew up with her six brothers at her father's home in the Isle of Jersey and when twenty years of age married Edward Langtry, an Irish land-owner. Four of her brothers are dead and her husband has lost a large amount of his money. Therefore, the effort she is now making to gain a livelihood on the stage is prompted by necessity and not her love of the art. She will return to the social life of London when she has gained a competence and after she has visited Sechler's grocery store. Do not go to stores where inferior groceries are sold, but patronize Sechler. Get your meat supply at his meat market. Buy all the flour, dried fruit, spices, cheese, crackers, syrups and confectionery at his store. Then you will be in better health and better financial circumstances at the close of the year.

Operation for Cataract.

A very delicate and successful operation was performed by Dr. Thomas R. Hayes Thursday last on the eye of Mrs. Mary Ann King, of Spring township. The patient is doing well with prospects of entire recovery.

—Harry Teats & Co. are establishing a lasting reputation for fair dealing and honesty in business. Go to their grocery store to learn further particulars.

—The moon reached its last quarter on Wednesday.

THE AUDITORS' REPORT.

Extracts from a Public Document Placed on File in the Court House.

The county auditors have completed their work of examining the accounts of the county commissioners, the treasurer and the sheriff, and the result of their work, together with a few criticism, not usually given a place in such documents, may be found in their report on file in the prothonotary's office. Through the courtesy of the last mentioned official we were permitted to inspect the report on Tuesday of last week and make for our readers the following extracts, merely because they are the more remarkable parts of the document. Our readers will please notice that we publish the following for their information and do not indorse it. Indeed our opinion of the present Board of Commissioners remains unchanged, and we shall probably criticise the over-critical auditors, editorially, if we see fit to give any further attention to the matter. The report says:

It was hoped that when the present Board of Commissioners came into power that an effort would certainly be made to collect the back-standing taxes. We must express our surprise and regret to find so few of these old accounts settled in 1882. There is no reason why every duplicate now out farther back than 1882 should not have been settled prior to January 1st, 1883. If there is no way to compel the collection of this vast amount of outstanding taxes we think the auditors will have to begin to charge all moneys lost, by reason of delay in collecting, to the commissioners.

The law contemplates the collection of all taxes in ninety days from the time the duplicate is first placed in the hands of the collector. Instead of enforcing it, the duplicates are allowed to run anywhere from three to eight years. By this means the county loses a large amount of money annually, persons move out of the districts, property is sold and transferred, and then the collectors come in and ask for large exonerations because of this. We hope, therefore, that by the time we are called upon to settle the accounts another time no taxes further back than 1883 will be found outstanding.

The auditors heartily join in recommending that hereafter accounts which cannot be collected be stricken from the lists of assets of the county. There is neither use nor sense in carrying forward from year to year accounts that are entirely worthless. We understand that there are duplicates outstanding as far back as 1872, given out to men who were worthless and without security being taken. If such is the case they should be set out as uncollectable and the people given to know exactly what are the available assets of the county.

The auditors would suggest that the commissioners keep their books in a more simple manner. The difficulty of which we complain seems to arise through a multiplicity of books and a lack of system in properly classifying entries or subjects in the books. A little more care in this direction will certainly be profitable, save time and labor and the accounts will be easier and more readily understood.

The report is signed by two of the auditors—John Proudfoot and F. P. Musser. C. P. Hughes, the third auditor, makes a brief minority report which is as follows:

To the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county:

I concur with the majority of the board of auditors in the settlements of the accounts of the sheriff and treasurer, but I dissent from the report so far as it purports to be a settlement of the accounts of the commissioners with the county and assign the following reasons:

1st, That in the settlement with the commissioners the auditors simply compared the vouchers produced by the commissioners with the charges or entries made, without investigating whether the charges were legal; whether the expenditure was such as the county was legally bound to pay; that large amounts were claimed, to wit—over three thousand dollars for expenses of county bridges and no examination was made to ascertain whether the said bridges were county bridges or not, and that in the opinion of your auditor it is a question whether some of these bridges are county bridges; that the majority of auditors refused to go into a full investigation of these different items; that your auditor, to satisfy himself, made private examination and found various irregularities and credits claimed which were improper charges against the county, and from which investigation he is satisfied that other errors exist in the account as presented by the majority of the auditors.

2nd, That in the item of credit of $452.07 for the printing of the commissioners' statement, published in 1882, your auditor is of opinion that at least one half thereof is in excess of legal charges and that it was an unnecessary expense to the county.

3rd, That the majority of the board of auditors devoted one-half day to the examination of the commissioners' accounts; that no proper examination thereof could be made in that limited time. The result is that it was but a comparison without an auditing and examination such as the law requires and therefore I can not join in the said report so far as the commissioners' accounts are concerned.

Respectfully submitted,
C. P. HEWES,
Auditor.

—Harry Teats & Co. extend a cordial welcome to visitors as they are sure that they have a stock of groceries that will please all customers.

—The regular meeting of the Logan Hose Company was held on Tuesday evening.

—Duprez & Benedict's famous minstrels will appear in Bellefonte on Saturday, the 17th.

—Rev. John Hewitt led the monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon in a very acceptable manner.

—The Court found it impossible to finish the business put down for last week and a special term for that purpose will probably soon be called.

—The members of the Logan Hose Company request us to announce that when other organizations desire to hold meetings in their rooms previous notice of at least one week will be required.

—Gregg Post, G. A. R., held a regular meeting on Saturday evening, during which Comrades Benner, Mullen and Williams told their brethren all "they knew about State encampments."

—Mrs. Abram Valentine is suffering from the effects of a heavy fall on the ice, which occurred last week. We regret to learn of the accident, and hope the consequences may not prove serious.

—The Madison Square Company, of New York, will appear in this place on Thursday, the 22d, to render the drama of Esmerelda. This will be a great card for the entertainment season in Bellefonte.

—The little boy who was killed at Mill Hall on Tuesday morning by being run over by a wagon loaded with hay was David McMicken Clark, only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Clark. He was eight years of age.

—Last week the regular session of court brought throngs of people to town, one and all of whom took advantage of the opportunity to call and inspect the big grocery establishment of Sechler & Co., on High street.

—Commencing on Monday next, February 12, the office hours for the Telephone Exchange will be from 7 o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m. These are the hours adopted almost universally by telephone exchanges and wherever they are in vogue are found to be satisfactory to the business community.

Temperance Mass Meeting.

The friends of the Constitutional Prohibition of the Liquor Traffic, will hold a mass meeting at the Court House in Williamsport to-day (Wednesday, February 7th) at 2 o'clock p. m. Governor St. John of Kansas, the great apostle of Constitutional Prohibition, will address the meeting. Let there be a rousing turnout to welcome him. Ten or more persons desiring to attend from neighboring towns can obtain excursion tickets at reduced rates at any railroad station.

CLINTON LLOYD,
Pres't Lyc. Co. T. A. A.

Other papers please insert.

—On Thursday night while a party of young folks were being driven from Lock Haven to Pine Station, for the purpose of holding a dance, they met with a mishap by the sled sliding from a box drain across the road below Wayne, causing the vehicle to upset and spilling out the occupants. Several of the ladies were slightly bruised and the sled was broken. The violinist, Wm. Young, held on to the provision basket and in falling out his nose struck one of the cakes and running his proboscis through it struck a stone, cutting a gash on his forehead and nose. The gentleman "takes the cake" over all competitors in the art of properly conducting a tumble from a sled, but wasn't it hard on the cake?

—Harry Green's cigars occupy the first place in the estimation of veteran smokers.

—About all of the teachers in the public schools of this place went to Howard on Saturday morning to participate in the teachers' institute in session at that place. Professor Wolf accompanied the excursionists. The pleasures of the occasion fully repaid all those who were in attendance.

—Buy your tropical fruit, dried fruit and confectionery of Harry Teats & Co.

—The Bellefonte postoffice will be open one hour every Sunday hereafter—from 11.30 to 12.30 o'clock. This change is made to enable persons to get their mail which comes on the 8.55 train Saturday night. We do not like the change as we do not think the postoffice should be opened on Sunday under any circumstances.

—Bellefonte is thronged with tall, good-looking engineers and surveyors, armed with sextants and compasses, and keeping lines, distances and future railroads in view.

D. P. Crosby, Pottstown, Pa., Says: "Brown's Iron Bitters afforded me great relief in dyspepsia, indigestion and general debility."

—Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge's story, "Donald and Dorthy," which appeared last year as a serial story in *St. Nicholas*, and which has not yet been published in book form in this country, finds much favor in England. The "Court Journal" says: "It is very touching and very amusing. The adventures are varied, and highly characteristic of young American life. 'Donald and Dorothy' will do much to efface such prejudice, and reconcile us to many of the customs we have so long been accustomed to look upon as highly improper."

A Boston man has made, in the public prints of that city, a very sensible suggestion to the effect that the Fire Department should be supplied with large nets into which, when supported by poles, persons in danger of incineration could jump from any height.

Business and Other Notices.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.—Stinging irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

Queen Victoria, it is said, has spent but twelve days in Ireland during a forty years' reign. The result is that she occasionaly "hears" from the Emerald Isle.

THAT HUSBAND OF MINE is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

There is a difference 'twixt tweedledum and tweedledee. It is perfectly safe to tell a man he is looking ill, but tell him he is ill looking and he will flare up in an instant.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."—Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15 cts. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Our stock of Woolens is now complete. Clothing made to order cheaper than ever. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors. 14-46tf

A San Francisco tailor in financial distress loaded a pistol with powder and water (the two being separated by a thick wad) and blew off the top of his head, the crown flying fifty feet through the air.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

The *Eureka* (Nev.) says: "The Langtry and Gebhart Mine claims have been located on Prospect Mountain. They lie side by side."

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

The peculiar action on the kidneys and urinary organs of asparagus is frequently noticed during the season. Prof. Benson recently proved in the case of the Emperor William and others that in combination with malt and quinine it is an absolute specific for disease of the liver, kidney and urinary organs. His method has been adopted by the Malt Bitters Company, and this great German food is now composed of malt, Hops, quinine bark and asparagus.—*Medical Times.*

A poor man may be honored, though his draft is not.

—Mr. James Schofield, the boss saddler of Centre county, is prepared to supply parties with the best harness, made in his establishment at this place by the most experienced workmen, at the same prices charged for ordinary machine made harness manufactured in the city. The prices range from $16 and $18 to $25. A few superior blankets are also remaining in stock which he will dispose of at the lowest cash price. His business is growing and his establishment is kept running at its fullest capacity day and night. Parties desiring harness, blankets or any other articles in the saddlery line will do well to give him a call. Establishment on Spring st. Bellefonte. 15-4tf

A Most Remarkable Case.

Dying—yet living. Dr. Miller, of 129 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I am personally acquainted with a middle-aged lady in Philadelphia, who had been given up to die by a consultation of many physicians. She was confined to her bed for months, and was momentarily expected to die. In this condition she took Manalin and, to the surprise and disappointment of all, she recovered her health perfectly." Her case is reported in Dr. Hartman's book on the "Ills of Life," 31st page. Ask your druggist for one, or address Dr. Hartman, Osborn, O.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Godey's Lady's Book for February is recived. The colored plate is one blaze of artistic beauty. The first figure represents a walking suit for a lady, of dark brown silk. Fig. 2 shows an evening dress of pale blue silk and white lace. Another figure represents a walking dress of dark green velvet, trimmed with satin, embroidered; green velvet hat trimmed with feathers. Another walking dress is of steel-color cashmere. A beautiful evening dress of crimson silk has the underskirt trimmed with narrow plaiting, and the overdress is trimmed with three rows of white lace up the front and across the back to the side seam; pointed bodice cut surplice and trimmed with lace. The jaunty little suit for small girls is made of crimson cashmere, trimmed with velvet; velvet hat, with long feather. The other fashions are very handsome, representing all kinds of garments of the most fashionable style. A very nice looking man le is described as being made from an India shawl. A handsome morning robe is made princess form, of pink cashmere, trimmed with a wide insertion of ecru embroidery.

Chit-Chat on fashions for February is very very interesting and gives one an excellent idea of all that is desirable to know in regard to fashions. The Work Department gives several very handsome designs in fancy work. This magazine will be sent to any address for $2.00 per year. Address Godey's Lady's Book Publishing Co., (Limited), 1006 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The February *Wide Awake* comes to hand looking as dainty as a valentine. In fact the number is remarkable for the elegance and finish of several of its autograph engravings. The number opens with a strong drawing from Walter Shirlaw's studio, illustrating Mrs Kate Upson Clark's story, entitled "Granny." This is followed by a charming "Valentine," with drawings by Miss Lathbury and Mr. Lewis. A little farther on comes a fresh little reminder of the month in prose "The Apothecary's Valentine," illustrated by G. W. Edwards. But perhaps the specialty which renders the number of note and value, is what may be called its business section: First Edward Everett Hale discourses to young citizens of their duties as State-builders; next Mrs. A. M. Diaz reports the "John Spicer Lectures" on "Swapping," full of pertinent hints to older audiences than the one which fills Barn Hall; then follows Mr. Brooks with his amusing but pithy story of "A Mercantile Transaction"—all this preluding a paper by Rev. F. A Clark, which makes this issue of *Wide Awake* one which ought to be bought by the score by every business man in America for distribution among the boys and young men in his employ; this article is entitled "Our Business Boys; Their Success. What Eighty-three Business Men Say." Only $2.50 a year. D. Lothrop & Co., Boston.

Revue Dela Mode is the name of a new fashion magazine published in Paris, and it has made its appearance at our sanctum now for the first time. It is a 16-page magazine, devoted exclusively to fashions; is full of handsome illustrations and descriptions of all kinds of garments and millinery pertaining to the art of fashion. Its descriptions convey a vivid idea of the elaborate and exquisite costumes which originate in Paris, the fount of the fashionable world. With the magazine comes separately a handsome colored fashion-plate. All patterns are imported and can be obtained through S. F. Taylor, importer, 814 Broadway, New York, and subscriptions for the magazine will be taken at the same place. Price, $2.50; single copies, 25 cts.

Sales Register.

MARCH 8, 1883.—R. L. Underwood, in Union township, will sell a large let of farming tools, stock and household furniture.

MARCH 6, 1883.—M. D. Silknitter, will sell horses, cows, farming implements and household furniture, at residence, near Crider & Son's mill, Snow Shoe.

Miscellaneous.

WE

Desire to say to the people of Bellefonte and vicinity that now is your time to buy your clothing, boots and shoes at the Boston Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa., and we take this opportunity of saying that you

WILL

find a large stock of heavy winter clothing, boots and shoes which we will sell at and below cost within the next sixty days. In fact, we do

NOT

at any time ask a large profit, but we will sell you this at your own price. This is a rare chance for buyers of clothing, boots and shoes, and we are positive that it will not

BE

offered again. We will sell a fine Diagonal Overcoat worth $14, for $8; a good suit of clothes that sells all over for $8 we will sell for $4.50. Remember we mean business when we say that we will not be

UNDERSOLD.

BALD EAGLE NURSERY

Fruit, Shade, Evergreen Trees, &c. My usual stock for spring planting. Apple trees, 15 cts., $14 per 100. Peach trees, 12 cts., $10 per 100. Evergreen trees, 40 cts. each. No additional charge for putting up and delivering to railroad for shipment. Unionville, Fleming P. O., Pa. *15-6-4t W. P. FISHER.

Attention! Collectors of 1881.

All unsettled duplicates for the year 1881 will be placed in the hands of the attorney for immediate collection if not settled by the first day of April. JOHN WOLF, H. C. CAMPBELL, A. J. GREIST, } Com'rs.
15-6-2t

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, in Ferguson township, on the Humes and McAllister farm, about the 1st of November, 1882, a black Bull with white stripes on back and a white tail. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away or it will be disposed of according to law.
D. H WEAVER.
Pine Grove Mills, Feb. 2, 1883. *15-6-3t

MOTHERS, READ THIS!

STONE RIDGE, N. Y.
VAN DEUSEN BROS.—Dear Sirs: Your Worm Confections have been invaluable to us. Our little boy, two years old, discharged over thirty worms in a few days, using only a few of your Worm Confections. I am glad to bear testimony to the value of Van Deusen's Worm Confections. Yours, REV. J. L. MCNAIR.
Try them—25c. per box.
VAN DEUSEN BROS., Kingston, N. Y.
15 6 4t

FREE

A CHEMICAL ARTICLE, BEAUTIFUL FOR ILLUMINATING, Beautifies the Complexion, Removes all Tan and Freckles, Blackheads, Sent free, postage paid, to any address. Mention this paper. E. G. RIDOUT & CO., NEW YORK.
15-6 1y

MARYLAND FARMS.—Book and Map free, by C. E. SHANAHAN, Atty., Easton, Md. 15 6 4t

PILES A SURE CURE sent for $1.00 per package. U. S. MED CO., Walton, New York. 15 6 4t.

WANTED TEACHERS! $4 00 Per Month. Steady employment during Spring and Summer. Address J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 15 6 4t

Frank P. Blair.

FRANK P. BLAIR

has just received another lot of small Stem Winding Watches in Silver and Nickel, just the thing to make a boy happy, as it's the height of any boy's ambition to carry a Watch. These are reliable and serviceable, and are not expensive.

Also some more of those little bits of Watches which are so fashionable among the girls. These are much worn in other places and are considered just the thing.

A large line of Children's sets of Knife, Fork and Spoon with and without cases in Extra and Triple Plate. They are decidedly elegant goods; much more so than at any other season. A very few dozen of the Genuine Rogers' Triple-Plated Knives. They are as cheap as the imitation and worth twice the price of any other knife offered.

A Gold Headed Cane would likely be just the thing you are looking for; they are useful, ornamental and always appreciated.

Gold Thimbles from the lowest in price to the most elegant. They are always just the thing and last a lifetime, and you can make no mistake.

See the Casters and Cake Baskets.

I would like to show you my leading Tea Set—cheap and just the thing for actual use, Copper Bottom, and can be set on the stove and used the same as Britannia or tinware, and they come very little higher than a common unplated set.

Some people thought it foolish to bring a stock of Fine Diamonds to Bellefonte, but they will find considerably more Diamonds worn here after the holidays than before.

Your attention is particularly called to Japanese wares. They are genuine goods made in Japan and not in Jersey. They must be closed out this week as I have no room to keep them over. They are all below the cost of importation and some of them are given away for nothing.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

No. 2, Brockerhoff Row.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Small-pox in Minnesota.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—Travelers who have arrived here from the Northern logging districts gave terrible accounts of the havoc by small-pox in the remote lumber camps. The first case of the disease was that of a man named Kearney, employed at one of the camps at the Big Fork, which empties into Rainy Lake, who was subsequently brought to Bagley's camp, and thence to Grand Rapids, and placed in an improvised pest-house, where he died one week afterward. A man known as "Missouri" was next taken down at Tom Doyle's camp on the Upper Mississippi, and died within a week. Mr. Doyle had a slight attack, and is now about again, but his wife and children are sick with the disease. They will probably recover. The camp is seven miles above Grand Rapids, on the Mississippi river. There are two cases of small-pox at a camp at Trout Lake, twenty-seven miles north of Grand Rapids, but there are no physicians in that region. Dr. Van Cleve went up some time ago, but soon returned. At Caldwell's camp, on the Big Fork, there are nine men now down with the small-pox, an abandoned logging camp having been converted into a temporary hospital for those affected with the scourge.

Washington Waifs.

WASHINGTON, January 29.—The supreme court to-day decided the miscegenation case of Toney Pace against the State of Alabama, which was a criminal proceeding under a state law against a colored man for living with a white woman. The court holds that the law of Alabama prohibiting miscegenation is not in conflict with the Fourteenth amendment to the constitution or with civil rights legislation founded on it, for the reason that it implies the same punishment to both offenders, the white and the black without discrimination.

Augustus C. Davis was to-day nominated for postmaster at Somerset, Pa.

Nineteen additional memorials from Pennsylvania workingmen protesting against the tariff reduction were presented in the senate this morning by Mr. Cameron They are signed by many workingmen. Mr. Sherman also presented a number of petitions for the same purpose.

The bill to provide for the purchase of the house on Tenth street, in this city,—the house in which President Lincoln died—was reported favorably from the committee on public grounds to-day with a recommendation that $12,000 be appropriated for the purpose.

Legislative Work last Night.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 29.—The session of senate to-night was confined to the reading of bills the first time. In the house a large number of petitions were presented for the passage of a prohibitory constitutional amendment and an effort was made to discharge the committee on constitutional prohibitory amendment and to place the bill on the calendar, but it was defeated by a vote of 52 to 99. Two congressional apportionment bills were introduced by Messrs. Nicholson, of Jefferson, and Davis, of Forest. The Davis bill is understood to give nineteen districts to the republicans and nine to the democrats. The Nicholson bill gives the republicans fifteen and the democrats thirteen districts.

A Ghastly Discovery.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Jan. 29.—Early this morning a metal coffin was found floating in the river at Delta Point. It contained the body of a young lady handsomely dressed in a white rep silk dress, with a rich lace collar around her neck. The dress and collar were as white and perfect as when first buried. The face was much discolored. The coffin was of old style, in use some twenty years, heavily enameled in white. It is thought the body must have been buried fifteen or twenty years ago, and to have fallen into the river at Lake Providence or near Goodrich's Landing, where the cemeteries are caving into the river.

Terrific Wind Storm.

DENVER, Col., January 29.—A terrific wind storm again visited this city early this morning. A dozen of buildings were demolished. The roofs of many more were torn off and in some instances were carried 250 feet. During the storm another electric light tower was blown down and a car on the circle railroad was blown from the track. Several persons were seriously but none fatally injured. In several instances roofs and debris were blown in one direction, while in the immediate neighborhood others were carried in the opposite direction. A singular feature of the storm was that the wind came in gusts each succeeded by a few moments of perfect calm.

A Street Fight.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 28.—At half-past 12 o'clock this morning four men, all Kentuckians, residents of Covington, Ky., had a shooting affray on the sidewalk on the corner of Race and Longworth streets. John Grenner, a saloon keeper, was slightly wounded, but the ball from his pistol took effect in the left breast of Robert Elliott, a glass blower, inflicting a probably fatal wound. Elliott was taken to the hospital. William McCarty, one of the combatants, was slightly wounded. Only four shots were fired.

An Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The subject of an extra session is being discussed among the members of both houses of congress. On the event of a failure to pass tariff legislation in this congress there are prominent members who believe the president will call an extra session. A republican congressman quotes the president as saying that in his message he committed himself to tariff revision and revenue reduction; that he believes the country needs and demands this legislation and should this congress fail to meet this demand of the country he (the president) would feel it to be his duty to convene the next congress in extra session for the express purpose of revising the tariff and reducing the revenue The democrats generally take no stock in the extra session talk.

A democratic senator, who pretty well represents the views and opinions of his side, said to-day "that the talk of an extra session is all stuff and nonsense and started to frighten democrats into acquiesing in the passage of such a tariff bill as the republicans want. The president would not be justified in calling an extra session for the passage of tariff legislation. That is not one of the questions which, under the constitution, would warrant him in convening congress. It is a subject for congress to dispose of in its own time and its own way. There will not be any extra session."

European Mention.

DUBLIN, January 30.—Parnell has forwarded to Father Gallagher £100 of the £375 received from the New York society of the Ancient Order of Hibernians. Father Gallagher, in acknowledging the receipt of the money, writes that the suffering people of Donegal are subsisting on food only fit for beasts; that private charity connot cope with the widespread distress there; that the government alone can do so, and that things will very soon come to a crisis.

BERLIN, January 30.—The plan for strengthening the fortifications of Kiel, devised by General Moltke and approved by the emperor, is for the constitution of a circle of sixteen forts, making the port dockyard one of the strongest in existence, and the completion of a strategic railway, establishing uninterrupted communication along the Baltic coast.

Judge Black on Polygamy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—Judge Jeremiah S. Black made an arrangement before the house judiciary committee to-day against the bill to prevent bigamy in the territories introduced in the house by Mr. Willetts. Judge Black argued that the bill or any such bill is unconstitutional. He said the Edmunds bill which created the commission was unconstitutional, and he did not believe Edmunds ever wrote it. He was too good a constitutional lawyer. Judge Black also said he believed the territories have the right to make whatever laws they please concerning the marrying of wives.

A Boxing Match which Didn't take Place.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Mace and Slade did not box at the Madison Square garden to-night. Late to-day the police commissioners referred the matter to the corporation council for his opinion. He returned an answer that as the sparring was for gate money it was a "prize" fight and came under the law governing that class of misdemeanors. A warrant was accordingly procured and Mace and Slade were arrested and locked up in the police station for half an hour when, Harry Hill appeared and gave bonds for their release.

The Burning Mine.

SHAMOKIN, January 29.—The fire in Bear valley shaft has not yet been extinguished but it is believed to be fully under control. The water was turned off the fire which was supposed to be out and masses of burning coal rushed down the breast. A hole which is being driven will be completed to-night and it is thought this will enable the parties in charge to reach the fire and extinguish it completely. There was an explosion of sulphur last night but no damage was done. Work will be resumed in other portions of the mine to-morrow.

Buried under Bricks by an Explosion.

TRENTON, Jan. 28.—Early yesterday morning Aaron Cloward, the engineer at the East Trenton battery, fell asleep in his engine room after neglecting to turn on the safety valve. A terrible explosion followed, tearing down a two-foot brick wall in which the engine was encased and burying the engineer beneath nearly a ton weight of bricks. He was alive when extricated, but both his eyes had been blown out, and he was frightfully mangled from head to foot.

The Penalty for Wife Beating

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 29.—Charles Foote, colored, recently tried and convicted in the criminal court of brutally beating his wife, received seven lashes to-day. This was the first whipping under the act of the last legislature making wife beating a misdemeanor.

Grants a Requisition.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 29.—A requisition of the governor of Missouri for the remanding of John B. Dennis, arrested at Lancaster, Pa., for forgery in St. Louis, was granted by the governor of Pennsylvania to-day.

Vincent Vanishes.

MONTGOMERY, January 31.—There is great excitement here. The committee appointed to examine the books and accounts of State Treasurer Vincent was to begin the examination yesterday. Vincent left the city on Monday night. A letter from him to his chief clerk was delivered to the latter late yesterday afternoon. He laid it before the governor. Vincent said he was behind, but was going to New York to get money, which the latter indicated he had loaned. The examination of the books of the cashier and others, late last night, shows that Vincent speculated largely in cotton futures. The deficit, as far as can be learned, is between $225,000 and $300,000.

Treasurer Vincent left on Monday night, by what route is not known. The governor will offer a large reward, and has sent telegrams to the police of all the large cities. Vincent is five feet ten inches high, very neat in dress, brown hair and beard full and long, with mustache, has very bad teeth, and a scar on the forehead.

Large sums of money sent Fred. Wolfe, supposed to be dealing in cotton, have been traced up; and Vincent dealt also, it is supposed, with other cotton houses.

LATER—The legislative committee has counted the money in the treasury vault and find $152,000. The deficit is $227,000 and is amply secured by good bondsmen. It is developed that the money was taken during the past two years and nearly all before November last. Vincent according to a statement by a witness before the legislative committee lost over $100,000 in cotton through one house (Fred Wolffe's) and some through others. It is surmised that he may have loaned some, although no evidence to that effect has been shown.

Another Blizzard Raging.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., January 31.—The very worst blizzard of the season has been raging here since night before last. The snow is heavy and drifts, but it is not very cold the temperature ranging from ten to twenty degrees above zero, so far as heard from, but last night the storm abated and the weather is now fast growing colder. The storm was first heard of at Bismarck on Monday morning. Last night a terrible storm and intense cold was reported at Regina, on the Canada Pacific, 500 miles from Winnipeg. All of the reports from Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin and northern points speak of it as the worst of the season. The railroads all gave up the fight at noon yesterday, but began clearing the track in the afternoon. Even the short lines between here and St. Paul were so blockaded as to run but two or three trains, in place of the hundred or more usually run. The street cars have double teams this morning, and business is about half suspended,

Desperadoes Captured.

SALT LAKE, Utah., Jan. 31.—A morning paper has a full account of the pursuit and capture of robbers, five in number, whose camp was on the line between Utah and Nevada, west of Salt Lake City, who have been stealing stock, robbing stores and killing people for some time back, but who invoked their doom by attempting to rob a Southern Pacific train. The pursuing party, made up of the detectives and sheriffs of both Utah and Nevada, numbered about eighteen. The two robbers first encountered resisted. Both were wounded, one fatally. The other three surrendered on demand. All have been taken to Reno, Nevada, for trial. Some of them are from Utah. The others are probaby from Nevada.

Fifty seven Seamen Drowned.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The bark Royal Tar, from Philadelphia, for Liverpool, was driven in Fenarth Roads, with her decks swept and other damage done. One man was lost.

Ten bodies have been washed ashore near Penarth.

A steamer is supposed to have foundered with all hands, twenty in number, near Portheawl.

A vessel, supposed to be the steamer Black Watch, sunk off Marblehead. Twenty-six persons were drowned

"Police Gazette" Men Arrested.

NEW YORK, January 30.—Richard K. Fox and William E. Harding were arrested to-day by the police on warrants charging them with arranging a prize fight between Slade and Sullivan. They were taken to the tombs police court. Fox was held in $1000 bail for an examination on Thursday next. He has issued a card in which he claims that the interference of the police in last night's entertainment was an outrage. If sparring entertainments are illegal, he says, then a duel in a drama is illegal.

Train Robbers Surrounded.

OGDEN, Utah, Jan. 30.—A telegram has just been received from a member of the party in pursuit of the robbers who attacked the Central Pacific train at Mantello, Nevada. It states the robbers have been surrounded in the mountains, and that they are all known. Three of the gang are convicts who escaped from the Salt Lake penitentiary. The rest are cowboys.

A Locomotive Explodes.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Jan. 30.—Lehigh Valley locomotive No. 39 exploded its boiler near this place this afternoon. John Miller, engineer, and Lewis Gomer, Augustus Youngblood and R. Nuss, brakeman, were injured, but not seriously. Gomer was scalded about the head and had to be carried to his home.

Her Mind is "Affected."

PHILADELPHIA, January 31.—Maggie Corlette, aged 12 years, was shot in the head and instantly killed this evening by Catharine Berneson, aged 29 years. The woman Berneson has complained about being annoyed by school children playing in front of her house. This evening as Maggie Corlette, with a party of playmates, was passing in front of her house she suddenly appeared at a window with a pistol and fired with the above result. She was taken into custody. Her friends claim that her mind is affected.

The Mine Still Burning.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., January 30.—The fire in the Bear Valley shaft was found burning higher up the manway to-day but water was turned on and it was subdued. This evening the fire was discovered coming down breast No. 10, which adjoins the manway. This breast is full of refuse and is now being drawn. Every wagon contains considerable burning matter. The breast will probably be emptied to morrow, after which the officials claim they can clear the mine of fire in a few days.

Permitted to do an Illegal Act.

WASHINGTON, January 30.—A pensioner having complained to the interior department of unfair treatment at the hands of Gilmore & Co., land attorneys of this city, who have been sending out circulars to soldiers offering to procure homestead enteries illegally, the secretary has replied that if he has delegated to them a power of attorney to do an illegal act the department can offer no redress. If the practice is persisted in by the firm in question disbarment will follow.

Death of a Veteran Statistician.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Henry G. Langley, the veteran compiler of Pacific coast statistics and of various directories, died last evening, aged 70 years. He was an old New York journalist, having started the *Morning News* in conjunction with James A. Sullivan and Samuel J. Tilden. He was very prominently known on the coast, having come to California in 1849.

Damage by a Storm in Denver.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30.—Specials from Denver says the damage by the storm there yesterday will exceed $200,000. Injury to the shops of the Denver and Rio Grand railroad will be several thousand dollars, and other large establishments suffered severely.

Nominated for Mayor.

READING, Pa. Jan. 29.—Hon. Geo. McFarlan, ex-member of the legislature, was nominated to-night for mayor by the democrats.

A MODEST SUGGESTION.—If the proud and scholarly State of Massachusetts, which puts so much Latin upon every official state document, stamped upon it by its great seal, would put a bottle of Hunt's Remedy on its seal instead, it would be briefer and answer every purpose. There is a vigorous arm with a sword striking Latin blows, and an Indian shooting Latin arrows. But Hunt's Remedy does more than this. It strikes blows in Latin, English, French, and German, and in every language, against the most insidious and deadly enemies of the human frame, and shoots destructive arrows into disease. It specially wages war against kidney diseases, so common in our afflicted humanity; and cures ailments of the kidneys, bladder, liver, and urinary organs, and brings health again to the despairing. If Massachusetts doesn't wish to change its seal, Hunt's Remedy would be a significant design for the seal of some new State.

The Bushel Value of Love.

What is love? Love is keeping a ten dollar family on a six dollar salary.

When a young man kisses a girl and calls it heaven, it shows plainly that he doesn't know any more about heaven than a gosling knows about Beethove'ns sonatas.

Love is like beer, it gets flat when it is uncorked all the time.

Some girls can't tell the difference between love and taffy.

A baby is love materialized.

Whenever love has to play second fiddle, it is time to break up the band.

Love will make a man spit on his hands and take another hold when every other power on earth has backed out and given it up as a bad job.

Love is worth two dollars and a half a bushel to any man or woman living.

Superior Excellence.

The reasons for Peruna's superior excellence in all diseases, and its *modus operandi* are fully explained in Dr. Hartman's lecture reported in his book on the "Ills of Life, and how to cure them," from page 1 to page 10, though the whole book should be read and studied to get the full value of this par excellent remedy. These books can be had at all the drug stores gratis.

Peruna is the best immediate expectorant (cough medicine) that has yet been compounded by physician or druggist. There is nothing in medical print that can at all compare with it. And no less so is it the very best tonic, stimulant, nervine, diuretic, alterative, anti-dyspeptic, appetizer, hematic (blood medicine), &c. that has ever been compounded by doctor or layman. It should, therefore, always be kept on hand for instant use.

A young lady who has been married over a year, recently wrote to her father in this city saying: "We have the dearest little cottage in the world, ornamented with the most charming little creepers you ever saw." The old man read the letter and exclaimed, "Twins, by thunder."

What's the Matter.

"What's the matter, invalid?" inquired Patience, alarmed as she hurriedly awoke him.

"A bull had me in the corner of the fence," groaned he.

He was in great suffering, and she opened the medicine chest, got out materials for a mustard plaster, and the little spirit lamp to heat it with and went to the end of the car to prepare it.

"Make it hot and strong," muttered he, with great restraint preventing himself from crying out with the pain.

His wife, with the plaster all ready, soon came back softly, so as not to awaken any one. The car was darkened, and all the sections looked alike, and for a moment she was confused, but a smothered snore which sounded just like a groan, near at hand, assured her. She quickly drew aside the curtain and clapped the poultice on the spot it would "do the most good." The invalid just then poked his head out, a little farther down the aisle, and, in smothered tones, called, "Quick, Patience, quick!"

She gave only one leap, like a shot fawn, into his section, drew the curtain, and nearly swooned away.

"Great Scott! what's the matter?" whispered he.

She managed somehow to grasp out what she had done, and, presto, the invalid was cured; for he shook up his whole interior organization so hard in the effort to restrain a big guffaw, that he actually scared the pain away.

"That man whoever he is will be boiling piping hot pretty soon," was his sole comment.

In about fifteen minutes the stillness of that car was broken by a volley of shrieks that raised the hair on the head of everyone.

"Blank! blank! blankety of the b—k!!—Blank the blank! b—k of bl—k!! Hot-spur! Jerusha! blank! blank!! Blank!!!"

The whole atmosphere seemed to grow a lurid blue color with expletives.

It Tells its Own Story.

LANCASTER, N. H., Dec. 3, 1879.—By the way, I will say that I think Downs Elixir the best cough-remedy that I can find at our druggists. We always use it. J. S. PREAVEY, Pub. *Republican*.

All diseases arising from biliousness or torpid liver, are cured by the use of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

A quack doctor would look with disgust upon a present of a cane with a duck's head carved upon it.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in catarrh by the use of Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete treatment for $1.

A tramp from Watertown told the Justice that he left there because the name of the village made him sick.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.

Young man if you are to be married, your future wife is now living, therefore pray for her. And while you are about it, don't forget to pray for her future husband; he needs praying for as well as she does.

James W. Rewalt, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters entirely relieved me of dyspepsia and heartburn."

The horseman is generally proud of his race.

Miscellaneous.

CANCER REMOVED without knife. Apply to Dr. C. P. W. FISHER, Boalsburg, Centre county, Pa. 14-41-3m

FITS! A Reading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. From Am. Journal of Medicine. Dr. Ab. Meserole (late of London), who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. Address Dr. Ab. MESEROLE, No. 99 John St., New York. 15-2-26t

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE.
Winter Term Opens January 5, 1883

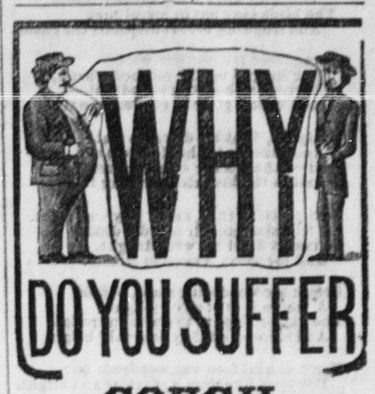
This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

Miscellaneous.



With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so pleasant, so certain, and so safe, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best Expectorants and Anodynes, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured only by

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J. S. HARRIS & CO.,
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Hardware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

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A Perfect Combination with two Salient advantages.—Why it Concerns You.

"There is no mistake about it," remarked Dr. M. F. Flowers, of Gallatin, Missouri, "BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are one of the neatest combinations ever produced. They have two kinds of advantages over all others, which we may call the minor and the major. First, they are clean and pleasant to use, never soiling the hands or linen of the wearer. Second, they act quickly and powerfully. I have tried the Capcine plasters on myself for pneumonia and on my patients for various diseases, such as neuralgia, muscular rheumatism, lumbago, kidney trouble, etc., and in all cases relief has followed in from three to forty-eight hours.

Dr. Flowers merely voices the written or oral opinion of thousands in his profession. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS are the perfect external application. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the centre. Price, 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-6-4t

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are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, Crops, Merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

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Sporting News at home and abroad, together with a Story every week, a Sermon by some eminent divine, Literary, Musical, Dramatic, Personal and Sea Notes. There is no paper in the world which contains so much news every week as the *Weekly Herald*, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You can subscribe at any time.

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—To a first-class hotel,
On a holiday swell,
Went rural Bill Bates and his Hannah.
He blew out the gas,
And in they did pass
Their checks in an unconscious mannah.

—The backbone of winter is not broken.

—The handsome Milliken residence on Allegheny street was purchased last week by J. Fearon Mann for $12,000.

—The funeral of the late Mr. Robert Kendell, of College township, took place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company are making arrangements to open a telegraph office for their own use in the depot building in this place.

—Mr. Ned Speer, W. L. Malin's successor in charge of the Western Union telegraph office in this place, arrived in town on Wednesday and began his new duties on Thursday.

—A letter in the Bellefonte postoffice awaiting an owner is addressed, "Messrs. Bellefonte Churn Company." It is post marked New York and is from Edward J. Wessels, 69 Front street, New York, removed to 17 Cedar street.

—Leonard Rhone, Esq., Master of the State Grange, was in town last week. He expresses his satisfaction at the present status and future prospects of the great organization of which he stands at the head in the Keystone State.

—The work train, Mr. Woodring conductor, was wrecked on the Snow Shoe branch on Monday afternoon of last week, at a point this side of Snow Shoe. Several rods of track were torn up. Travel was delayed on the road four or five hours.

—The John Snodgrass farm of 60 acres, adjoining Mill Hall, says the L. H. *Journal*, was bought recently by the Susquehanna & Southern railroad company for $8,000. The office of this company was removed to Beech Creek last week.

—The male population of Bellefonte has been increased by one. It will be about 21 years before the newcomer is accorded the privilege of a vote. Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Stover rejoice. For further particulars enquire at Harry Teats & Co's store.

—The Bellefonte NEWS demands that the Democratic council of that place proceed at once to abate the nuisance which compelled staid citizens and blushing damsels to wade through slush up to their knees. —*Altoona Tribune.*

That's about the extent of it. Thank you for expressing it so plainly.

—At their meeting Monday evening of last week the Ladies' Parish Aid Society of St. John's Episcopal Church passed resolutions of thanks to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sands for the generous loan of their room in which the oyster supper was held recently, and to all others who so kindly gave their help and patronage.

—J. R. VanOrmer, Esq., of the Bellefonte *Democrat*, was in the city last evening on business.—*L. H. Express*, Jan. 30.

My dear sir, you failed to tell it all. For some reason which VanOrmer does not explain, he missed the morning train to this place and was compelled to traverse the distance between Lock Haven and Milesburg on a freight train

—Mr. Robert Kendell, a respected resident of College township, breathed his last on Monday of last week at 4:10 o'clock. He was 65 years of age. The disease which proved fatal in his case was typhoid pneumonia. His numerous friends will learn of his death with sincere sorrow and regret as he was an upright, honest man in all his relations of life.

—Some very extensive improvements are in progress in the interior of Garman's Hotel, the office, dining room and parlor on the first floor being beautified by tasteful applications of fresco work and handsome paper. The effect when completed will make an extraordinary change and a fine improvement. The change will add to the comfort and beauty of the hotel, and the numerous patrons of the popular house will appreciate the this effort to render their visits to the hotel more pleasant and entertaining than ever before.

—An extremely sad accident occurred at Mill Hall Tuesday, the 31st ult., by which a young lad, the son of a saddler in that place, whose name we have not been able to learn, met almost instant death. He was at school and during the forenoon recess engaged in play with his companions, running after a wagon load of hay which was passing and attempting to climb to the top. He raised himself off his feet, when he slipped and fell forward under the wagon, the wheels passing over him. He died within an hour after the accident.

Meeting of the Agricultural Society

This organization gathered in the court house on Monday evening of lsst week after an intermission of two years. President E. W. Hale occupied the chair and S. D. Ray, Esq., secretary, filled that officer's customary position. No minutes were read, but Dr. Hale pleasantly introduced the subject of the meeting by relating some of his recent experiences in connection with his attendance at the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, which held its sessions in Harrisburg last week.

On motion, a committee of three, composed of Messrs. William Shortlidge, Captain Hunter and A. V. Miller, was appointed to nominate and report a list of officers for the ensuing year. During the absence of the committee the gentlemen conversed, (there were exactly twenty present), and President Hale, by request, continued his references to agriculture as he had observed it in other counties. When the committee re-entered the court room they announced the officers as follows:

President, Henry C. Campbell, Rock Springs.

Vice Presidents, John I. Thompson, Lemont; George Runk, Spring Mills; Benjamin F. Hunter, Fillmore; John A. Woodward, Howard.

Executive Committee, James R. Alexander, Chairman, Bellefonte; James F. Weaver, Milesburg; William Boal, Centre Hall; Samuel Decker, Zion; William F. Rearick, Spring Mills; Alexander Chaney, Port Matilda.

Secretary, H. H. Harshberger, Bellefonte.

Librarian, Calvin Peters, Fleming.

President-elect Campbell, who was present, thanked the society for the honor conferred upon him and expressed his sympathy with agriculture which Mr. William Shortlidge hoped included the Agricultural Society of Centre county and requested Dr. Hale, the retiring President, to give his opinion on the subject of banqueting the Society annually for the purpose of securing their attendance and interest. The Doctor did not consider an annual banquet necessary but believed that the officers might undertake measures which would tend to increase the interest. In the effort to find an interesting subject for discussion Mr. William Shortlidge touched upon the defeat of the sheep law in the late election. He believed the reason was that it was not properly understood, in which Mr. Runk, President Campbell and others agreed with him. Captain Hunter referred to past meetings when interesting lectures were delivered which failed to induce any larger attendance, but nevertheless suggested that a similiar plan be tried again, securing if possible a lecture from some one of the faculty of State College at each meeting. He is opposed to the use of commercial fertilizers. H. H. Harshberger, Esq., is also opposed to them and so expressed himself, relating experiences with fertilizers in the South to confirm his theory.

Leonard Rhone, Master of the State Grange, was present and addressed the society briefly but pointedly, saying that it is wrong to call a farmer slow and behind the age. There are poor lawyers and doctors; there would naturally be poor farmers. That the lack of interest in the affairs of the Agricultural Society is no indication that the agriculturist is not advancing. There are eighteen farmers' organizations in the county, some of them with a membership of 200 or more. They meet and discuss subjects such as are brought before the Society. The rooms in which they meet are handsomely furnished and all are benefited by the meetings. They have an annual gathering which of late has been attended by an average of 5,000 persons. Mr. William Shortlidge replied to Mr. Rhone and also to several other gentlemen who had inveighed against commercial fertilizers, saying that it was their improper use that had showed bad results; offering chemical proofs that their proper use is beneficial to the soil.

—About 18 or 20 citizens gathered in Ellis Orvis' law office on Tuesday evening of last week to organize a citizens' movement, the object of which is to purify borough politics and to elevate the public service in Bellefonte from the degrading depth to which it has fallen. Dr. R. L. Dartt was chosen chairman and J. Reese VanOrmer, of the *Democrat*, was elected Secretary. A short time was spent in discussion, when a motion was made and carried that the President appoint a committee of five. The committee appointed by the President is as follows: Ellis Orvis, D. M. Lieb, Frank Blair, Charles Cook and Cyrus Weaver. The duty of the committee is to perfect the organization and nominate a permanent committee to be reported to the meeting Friday evening following.

A LETTER FROM ILLINOIS.

A Place in the West that Reminds the Writer of his Old Home in Pennsylvania.

PLAINFIELD, Will Co., Ill,
January 25, 1883.

MR. EDITOR: Will you allow me to contribute a few thoughts to your valuable paper. How often, during these long winter evenings, whilst pouring over some periodical or absorbed with the beautiful thoughts of a favorite poet; do my thoughts revert to the home and scenes of my youth, in old Centre. To the Spring that came, bringing with it new life, in the form of beautiful mountain and meadow foliage, together with the myriads of feathered songsters, that made the forests ring with their melodies. I recall the summers of my youth, when the valleys and hillsides reflected the tints of the growing corn, and those of the fields of golden grain. Then in the train of thought I am conveyed to Autumn's scenes when the varied lines in forest and on mountain speaks a language louder than words, telling us that life is fleeting. Then come the Winters of my boyhood, when on ice bound streamlet, or snow-covered hillside, we were wont to arouse our boyish fancies, by chasing each other over a glassy surface, by coasting or building snow mounds. But these are mere fancies, but how delightful to ponder over in the after years of life. Last spring, after a two years' absence, I returned to the hills of my nativity. After spending several months among those who are dear as my kith and kin, I bade adieu, and started again for the West. My route extended north, by way of Niagara Falls, and through the cities of Williamsport, Elmira and Rochester. The scenery in sections along this route is of surpassing grandeur. At the falls, especially, one is charmed with wonder and admiration, while contemplating one of nature's sublimest scenes.

About the middle of August I arrived in Plainfield. I visited various sections of this State, but have found no locality so pleasing to my fancy as this. I have spent the greater portion of my time in and around Plainfield, since I came from the East, for somehow, this place seems to me, to possess those secret charms that make it appear home like. The chief features of this charm may be the familiar faces and voices, that throng around me daily, faces that greeted me in former days in Pennsylvania. Among the population here the people from my native county form much of the constituent element. As a whole this community is peopled by a good class comprising as it does settlers from Ohio and Pennsylvania, with a few Scotch, Germans and Irish. Farms are nicely laid out, well fenced and, as a rule, highly productive, while the home improvements evince artistic design as well as delicacy of taste. Though timber is comparatively scarce, yet it is used quite as lavishly for building purposes as in the East. The dwellings here compare favorably with those of the East, though we must confess inferiority in construction and size, when reference is made to barns and shelter for stock, the latter being scarcely adequate to the needs this winter, which is severe in the extreme, the mercury descending into the thirties very often during the season. But we have been favored thus far with and entire absence of high wind. But I shall forbear, else I shall weary the indulgence of your readers. Expecting to write again, I am,

Respectfully,
J. MILTON STIFFLER.

—The Lock Haven *Journal* alludes to the party of young ladies, inelegantly called "hens," who went in a large conveyance from this place to the residence of ex-Sheriff Shafer, one afternoon not long ago. It will be noticed that no reference is made to the beautiful song which they sang. But, notwithstanding that omission, we will give the *Journal's* reference to it as follows:

Miss Maggie Shafer was happy over a party of her Bellefonte friends who spent a recent Friday evening at her house. Eighteen of the lovely, the beautiful, the elite, the ton ton ladies of that town came in the "mountain echo" and four gay prancers propelling. It was a happy party in fine paraphernalia and effusion and illusion. No two of the eighteen lassies had their hair dressed alike. Can the same number of Lock Haven ladies do better? Bellefonte may boast of its lovely maidens.

—The fact that Bellefonte has two telegraph offices—one under the supervision of the Western Union and the other controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad—is a subject of some speculation and wonder among our citizens.

—Mrs. Robt. Thompson, an elderly resident of Coleville, sustained a painful fracture of one of her wrists in consequence of a heavy fall on the ice on Thursday, January 25.

News Notes from Nittany.

NITTANY, January 27, 1883.

The Rev. Irvin is holding a protracted meeting in the "Centennial Chapel" in this place, which is being well attended. We wish him unlimited success as his work certainly results in great benefit to the community.

The stage driver between this place and Lock Haven got a scare the other day from one of our "braves" for transporting his "better half" as a passenger. Judge, (?) procure for yourself a gay, rich widow and quell these jealousies.

Henry Robb, our landlord, is just recovering from an attack of serious illness. He is such a clever and accommodating hotel-keeper that we hope he may soon be able to receive and attend to his guests in his usual way.

Parties here have been making good use of the excellent sleighing during the week past.

J. S. McGarger, of Geneva, N. Y., is stopping here for a short time. He is a pleasant gentleman socially.

Dr. J. H. Huston, who returned last evening from Philadelphia, passed through our town and Snydertown to-day attending his patients.

On last Friday evening twenty-two of our young lads and lassies hied themselves to Flemington and spent the evening at Dr. Vandersloot's. The innocent oyster and the delicious cake were the delicacies of the evening, to which was added a little coasting. "Billy," the young merchant who owns the "butter-milk sleigh" was put to more expense than the others, having to drive around all the previous day in pursuit of a fair maiden to accompany him. But, alas! it was all in vain. He finally consoled himself with the reflection, "If I was in Jacksonville I could get four ladies."

Democratic headquarters here are likely to be disturbed as the "Turnpike Committee" are about moving the toll gate away from Capt. J. H. Tolbert.

Railroad talk prevails alarmingly here as elsewhere, and several parties are endeavoring to secure ore lands for future operations.

Ex-Sheriff Shaffer is getting out lumber for the new Lutheran church that is being built at Snydertown. Mr. Henry Beck is also getting out lumber with the intention of erecting a barn on his farm.

Nittanny schools are very well attended. The grammar school is taught by Mr. Mawerer and the primary by Mr. Showers.

MOMUS.

A Marvelous Escape from Death.

On Tuesday of last week as little Annie Curtin, daughter of James I. Curtin, was coasting near the junction of Allegheny and Howard streets, she met with quite a remarkable escape from death. The sled was crossing Howard street from the residence of Mr. Mcmanus toward that of Mr. E. C. Humes. Midway across the street it ran directly under Mr. Lem Munson's cutter, which was occupied only by the driver at the time. The sled stopped under the cutter and to the horror of bystanders the child stood up between the cutter and the single-tree, directly behind the spirited pony—as dangerous a position as we could imagine a child to be placed. Some one urged the pony forward, which was the most advisable course under the circumstances as the cutter knocked the child down and passed over her without inflicting injury. She was picked up and carried into the house by Colonel D. H. Hastings. Those who saw the child standing in the dangerous position for an instant were almost paralyzed with the fear that the pony would kick, breaking one of the child's limbs or perhaps killing her outright.

—We have received from Howard a communication which reads something like a report of court proceedings and is headed "Assault and Battery." It gives the details of an assault made by one member of a Mt. Eagle literary society upon a brother member, which, if as described, was evidently quite cowardly. It is signed "R. W. G." But, my dear sir, we respectfully decline to publish a description of every brawl that occurs. If the affair was as you affirm, settle it in the courts. It belongs to the jurisdiction of the courts to settle such pugnacious individuals and for newspapers to report the punishments meted out to them.

—We learn that Mr. D. M. Lieb, the dignified principal of the public schools, fell rather solidly on the ice a few days ago while passing the residence of his brother-in-law, Dr. R. L. Dartt. He escaped without physical injury.

—A friend who sends us a communication sarcastically adds, "Please don't attach Sechler's advertisement." We shall not.

"Fire Laddies" and Fire Ladders.

There are two very fine fire companies in Bellefonte, that are ever ready and willing to do the most in their power to check any conflagration which may break out in the town. Their power and capability, though not often tested is never found wanting. Then it is the duty of the people of Bellefonte to provide them with every appliance which will aid in their laudable work. We are told that they do not possess any fire ladders and that there should be at least four in Bellefonte—two for each company. There are gentlemen ready and willing to subscribe for this object, but think that the subject should be agitated before an effort is put forth to make the subscription general. Citizens who own property are especially interested in this enterprise, and the small outlay which it will involve may pay a hundred fold in the future in the saving of life and property. Mr. C. G. McMillen, the genial host of the New Brockerhoff House, is one of the first gentlemen we have heard advocate this measure. He will subscribe, and gentlemen who feel similarly disposed should talk with him on the subject, as his large experience will enable him to give them many good points.

—Says Tuesday's (Jan. 30) L. H. *Express:*

Mr. Aaron Goldsmith, junior member of the firm of Goldsmith Bros., Bellefonte, enjoyed himself with friends and acquaintances in this city last evening.

Wonder if he came up on that freight train, too.

—The income of the Pennsylvania railroad during 1882 was $49,079,826; operating expenses, $30,647,397; net earnings, $18,432,397; per cent. of profit, 37.5.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, whisq sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Rucker, New York. 14 24 1y

Miscellaneous.

PE-RU-NA

Is a new remedy, originally compounded and introduced to the medical profession, and then to the public at large, by S. B. Hartman, M. D. He has prescribed it to over 40,000 patients with the most gratifying results.

Its effect upon the system is entirely unlike that of any other remedy, and is the only medicine needed in almost every disease to which flesh is heir. (In Constipation, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, MANALIN should be given with it.)

PERUNA is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, each one, according to medical authors, a great remedy in itself.

Dr. Hartman has succeeded in extracting and combining the active principles of these ingredients into one simple compound, which perfectly coincides with the VIS MEDICATRIX NATURA in every disease, and a cure necessarily follows. There is not an organ it will not reach nor a disease it will not cure.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on the "Ills of Life," Dr. S. B. Hartman & Co., Osborn, O., proprietors. For Piles and Pelvic Diseases, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles, $5.00.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!
D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH.
15-5-4t

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being tonic and mildly purgative they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

Cuticura

RESOLVENT.

The New Blood Purifier.

I will now state that I made a miraculous cure of one of the worst cases of skin disease known. The patient is a man forty years old; had suffered fifteen years. His eyes, scalp and nearly his whole body presented a frightful appearance. Had had the attention of twelve different physicians who prescribed the best remedies known to the profession, such as iodide potassium, arsenic, corrosive sublimate, sarsaparilla, etc. Had paid $500 for medical treatment with but little relief. I prevailed upon him to use the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. He did so, and was completely cured. The skin on his head, face and many other parts of his body, which presented a most loathsome appearance, is now as soft and smooth as an infant's, with no scar or trace of the disease left behind. He has now been cured twelve months. Reported by F. H. BROWN, Esq., Barnwell, S. C.

SCROFULA SORE.

Rev. Dr. ——, in detailing his experience with the Cuticura Remedies, said that through Divine Providence one of his parishioners was cured of a scrofulous sore, which was slowly draining away his life, by th Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The poison that had fed the disease was completely driven out.

ECZEMA.

Sixteen months since an eruption broke out on my legs and both feet, which turned out to be Eczema, and caused me great pain and annoyance. I tried various remedies with no good results, until I used the Cuticura Resolvent internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, which entirely cured me so that my skin is as smooth and natural as ever.
LEN. M. FRAILEY, 64 South St., Baltimore.

CUTICURA.

The Cuticura treatment for the cure of Skin, Scalp and Blood Diseases, consists in the internal use of Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, and the external use of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the Great Skin Cures.
Price: Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Medical Toilet Soap, 25c.; Cuticura Medical Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold everywhere.
Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure,

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Chills and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking, putrid mucus is dislodged, membrane cleansed, disinfected and healed, breath sweetened, and smell, taste and hearing restored and constitutional ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, &c., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Weeks & Potter, Boston.

ELECTRICITY.

Gentle, yet effective united with Healing Balsam, render Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every pain, weakness and inflammation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

GRIST MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery

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BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

and to have old ones repaired.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Samuel Riders, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Riders, deceased late of Ferguson township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

J. A. C. RIDER, } Executors.
Mrs. M. A. RIDER, }
Guyer P. O., Dec. 20, 1882. 15-2-6t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. jan6m4w1y

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of Valentines & Co., trading in general merchandise, has been remodelled by the formation of a new partnership under the name of Valentines Store Company, "Limited".

VALENTINES & CO.
Bellefonte, Jan. 27, 1883. j27dAw3w

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk; Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m4w

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—There are six prisoners in the jail.

—Coasting is still indulged in by the young folks of Bellefonte.

—Miss Mary E. Strohm will open a subscription school at Millheim on the 25th of April.

—Wanted—a strong, healthy boy having a common school education, to work in this office.

—There is a horse in Williamsport so balky that he refuses frequently to draw his own breath.

—Oyster suppers in Sand's ice cream saloon are peculiarly successful. Give us some more, please.

—As the first of April falls this year on Sunday, flittings will take place either on Saturday or Monday.

—That "greatest blizzard of the season" which the Northwest has just been experiencing didn't reach this place.

—The 10th anniversary of the Rainbow fire company of Reading will be celebrated on the 17th of March.

—The oyster supper provided by the ladies of the Presbyterian Mite Society Thursday evening was a great success.

—A letter without a stamp is held at the Lock Haven post-office for Miss Lizzie Comerford, Howard, Centre county, Pa.

—The day for the borough elections draws near. If the political parties intend to nominate good men it is time they should give the matter their serious consideration.

—Mrs. Heinle, wife of the District Attorney, had the misfortune to fall down a flight of stairs at her home on Bishop street Wednesday evening. Fortunately her injuries were slight.

—The receipts of the oyster supper provided by the ladies of the Mite Society of the Presbyterian Church Thursday evening were over $100. We have not learned how much of this is clear profit.

—Mr. John T. Fowler, postmaster at Fowler, this county, having resigned, and there being no other individual in that locality willing to assume the honor of the position, the post-office has been discontinued.

—Dr. W. C. Doane, of Williamsport, is the author of several interesting lectures on medical topics, and is well known as an excellent and entertaining speaker. Let the lecture committee of the Y. M. C. A. correspond with him for their free course.

—The witty Altoona *Tribune* remarks: "Gatesburg, Centre county, is supposed to have been so named because it contains two girls for each boy and the paternal progenitors of the former have to erect new front gates every fall."

—We seriously regret to learn that Mr. James Mitchell, of Spring street is again prostrated by a severe attack of rheumatism, with which he has suffered acutely for several years. He is now confined to bed and is able to move only with the greatest difficulty.

—Many people living in the eastern part of the borough knew nothing about the high water on Sunday until late in the afternoon, and they are so chagrined because they did not see the wonderful sight that they are ready to do almost anything desperate.

—That excellent journal, the Altoona *Tribune*, entered upon a new volume a few days ago. All of its interesting features, which render it so popular in this vicinity, are continued with increased ability and completeness. We wish it a greater measure of success in the future than it ever had in the past.

—Our colicky contemporary, the *Democrat*, talks about the NEWS' drunken rhymer. We haven't time to discuss this subject, but would say that the above fling comes with bad grace from a paper the appearance of which suggests that its proof reading is in charge of a drunken speller. It is to be hoped that as spring approaches the chronic biliousness of the *Democrat* man will wear off.

—Lent will begin to-day, which is known in the church calendar as Ash Wednesday. Two services—one at 10 o'clock a. m. and the second at 7 p. m.—will be held in St. John's Episcopal church. The rite of communion will be administered at the morning service. Regularly during Lent there will be services on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock and Friday afternoons at 4 o'clock.

A FEBRUARY FRESHET.

The Raging Waters of Spring Creek Overflow their Banks—The Ice Breaks and the Planing Mill Dam Bursts—Particulars of a Sunday Sensation that Damaged Property to the Extent of $10,000.

Saturday morning dawned with the streets a glare of ice and the rain falling in cold, chilling showers all day. Nature was truly in a melting mood and the elements were tearful in view of disasters to come. But Bellefonte has no Wiggins, neither does she exult over the presence of a Vennor and there was no one to warn her citizens of future calamities.

Sunday dawned with a warm southern wind blowing in fitful blasts and the showers of rain still descending. But the Ice King maintained such a strong hold on all terrestrial objects that our staid citizens attended church as usual and, returning to their homes, eat their noon-day meal in an unagitated state of mind. Hundreds of times before had the waters of noble Spring creek grown murky and dark and swollen to twice their normal dimensions so what cause for disturbance was there if that occurrence should be repeated on this quiet Sunday? But shortly after 1 o'clock the waters began to roar and swell more rapidly. Citizens began to put on their best Sunday spectacles and look anxiously; the small boy, ever on the watch, uttered a shout; "The dam is bursting!" was the cry, and then there was a universal scramble toward the water's edge. It was all too true: The ice of tremendous thickness and solidity had broken up and, bursting the flood gates of the Planing Mill Dam, and sweeping a channel of several feet on either side, poured forth in one conglomerate mass upon the ice bound fields and road-ways which lie in the path of the creek. A portion of one of the erecting shops at the car works was swept away and several other buildings loosened from their foundations. The damage at this one point will involve an expense of $2,000 to repair. Blocks of ice a foot and a half thick by ten or twelve feet square and weighing tons followed each other in quick succession down the creek. They were stopped by the strong wooden bridge recently built by Valentines to run their cars upon, and gorging at this point, caused the waters to seek an outlet over the fields and far away.

But at last this strong structure, which was supposed to be substantial enough to endure any strain, gave way, and the heavy timbers with the iron rails still adhering helped to to swell the mass of *debris* which was carried onward. The wooden portion of the bridge spanning Spring creek on High street, had already commenced to shake on its foundations in consequence of the repeated concussions of the heavy blocks of ice. When the heavy bridge timbers struck it the massive structure, which was erected only three years ago with special regard to strength and durability, yielded to the immense weight and gave way. Here the spectacle was exciting in the extreme. Hundreds of people of all sexes and conditions, had gathered at the water's edge and in their excitement were standing in very dangerous positions viewing the frightful destruction. Although it was well known that a debt of great proportions burdens the borough, not a groan or a lament was heard as the citizens saw the taxes raising with every timber that gave way before the flood. Intense interest in the spectacle was exhibited by all. Ministers and elders, priests and deacons, ladies clothed in heavy sealskin sacques, lovely belles supported by the trusty arm of their favorite adorers, mothers and children, all crowded into perilous situations to catch a view of every block of ice that swept along in the angry current. When the bridge gave way the waters began to subside and the interest decreased correspondingly. All was accomplished in less than an hour and the average citizen could retire from the scene in time to attend Sabbath-school with nothing but the thoughts of the flood in his mind to entertain the pupils with.

But, below town the waters also accomplished much destruction, though not to the extent that was supposed would be the case. The bridge near the lime kiln, that in the vicinity of Linn & McCoy's works and several other less substantial structures were carried away. No damage of any consequence was done at the nail works.

Among the persons who suffered in consequence of the great inundation is Mr. Lawrence Brown, the prominent coal dealer. The ice gorged above Valentines' bridge forced the water up very high, causing it to rush towards the coal sheds. A small quantity of this coal was damaged, but the larger part was not touched. Immense blocks of ice left high and dry on the street impede progress along that thoroughfare, but it will all be removed to-day and the work of delivering coal will proceed uninterruptedly. The residence of Mr. A. B. Steel, located on the low lands east of the creek, was almost submerged, the water entering the first floor of the dwelling four or five feet in depth, ruining carpets, edibles, furniture, etc., and carrying away several articles of value. The basement of the *Watchman* office was filled with water almost to the ceiling. The ice blocks broke the windows and the muddy water left the apartment in which the words of Democratic wisdom are run through the press, in a condition deplorable to behold. But the afternoon and evening hours were devoted to the work of repairing damages and to day the room is restored to almost its natural condition.

The cellars in the McClain block were flooded. Harry Teats & Co., grocers, lost quite heavily in sugar, potatoes, etc. The residence of Mr. Bayard in the rear was surrounded with water, but it did not enter the first floor.

The scene along the creek after the flood was very interesting. We have never visited the Arctic regions, but imagine that the scene must have been somewhat similar. Those who walked in the direction of the car works were literally compelled to traverse fields of ice. What a harvest it would have been to the ice merchant if the ice houses had not already been filled with the crystal blocks! There were the immense blocks of ice removed half of the distance toward town all prepared for storing into the ice houses. Many people passed to and fro viewing the magnificent Arctic spectacle until the shades of night obstructed the view.

The loss by this flood can only be approximately estimated, but it is safe to say that it will not fall short of $10,000 in this vicinity.

February.

We are indebted to the Altoona *Tribune* for the following wisdom concerning this month: We have entered the second month of the year—February—which was given its name from the Latin word "Februare," to expatiate or purify. It never had more than twenty-nine days, and this only once in four years under Numa. But Augustus, in order to give his favorite month August another day, took it from February, which couldn't very well spare it, and now it is known as the shortest month of the year. This is peculiarly unfortunate for those who are born on the 29th of February, since they only have a birthday once in four years. The Saxons call this the sprout month, for in their climate the buds came out. There are glimpses of spring in February, and the crocus is sometimes tempted to show its verdant spears above the ground, but gloom and chill and rain predominate, and it isn't the jolliest month of the twelve by a long score.

A Mystery.

The usually quiet town of Unionville was thrown into a state of wild excitement on Monday evening last. A horse attached to a sleigh was seen crossing the mountain from Unionville to Fillmore without a driver. The owner was known to possess valuable information. A rather suspicious looking individual—all flushed and excited—was seen following the horse and sleigh. A horse blanket was found also on the road. *Foul play* is suspected although no indication of a struggle was visible.

LATER.

The mystery was solved the next day. The horse belonged to a Bellefonte gentleman and was standing without being hitched. The supposition is the horse went on a canvassing expedition for *Singer sewing machines*. It's easier to hitch a horse, Swave, than to walk (?) three miles up a steep mountain to find him when you want to go home.

—Mr. A. J. Aikens, of the firm of Bunnell & Aikens, music dealers, returned on Monday of last from Milroy, Mifflin county, where he was called to attend the funeral of his father, the late Hugh Aikens, who died at his home in that place on Wednesday, the 24th of January, and was buried on Friday, the 26th. The deceased was 74 year of age at the time of his death and had always been endowed with superb health, rendering him at the age of 74 as sprightly and active as a man of 40 years. But a couple of weeks ago he exposed himself to the exceedingly dangerous dampness and chill of the mid-winter air, contracting a severe cold which terminated in his death. The deceased had six children, four of whom still survive, the first death occurring about two years ago in an hitherto unbroken family circle.

—A mail arrives from Tyrone every evening on the 8.55 train.

Legal Holidays and Sundays.

After remarking that Washington's Birthday is the next legal holiday, the Altoona *Tribune* proceeds to explain the distinction between an ordinary legal holiday and the Sabbath day by saying that a very large number of persons believe a legal holiday is to all intents and purposes the same as Sunday; that a contract made on a egal holiday is void and that notes given on such a day cannot be collected by law. This idea is erroneous. A contract made on any day except Sunday is good so far as the day has anything to do with it; the law provides that a contract made on Sunday cannot be enforced. This sacredness is only thrown around Sunday. The most important effect of a legal holiday is that all negotiable paper coming due on any one of these days shall be deemed to come due on the secular day next preceeding. A demand of payment may be made, and in case of dishonor, protest may be made and notice given in the same manner as if such paper fell due on the date of the demand. The holder may waive this right and give the notices as in other cases. Such days are declared by law to be public holidays and the law demands them to be observed as such, though it provides no penalties for not observing them or for the transaction of business or for laboring upon them. Where men are employed by the month and nothing is said about working on holidays, the employes can keep the holidays and then require pay for the whole month. This has been the decision of the state superintendent in regard to school teachers for many years and will doubtless hold good in other cases. Christmas, 1st of January, 4th of July and Thanksgiving day were made legal holidays by an act of assembly of 1848, and in 1864 Washington's birthday, and in 1869 Good Friday and since then the 30th of May, Decoration day, were added to the list which make what now constitute the so-called legal holidays.

Sheriff's Sales.

For the information of our readers, we have procured a record of the properties disposed of last week by the Sheriff:

A tract of land in Rush township, containing 151 acres and 122 perches, on which a two story frame dwelling house, barn and other buildings are erected. Sold as the property of F. H. Dale to Ellis Orvis, Esq.

A lot of ground in the town of Hublersburg, Walker township, containing a dwelling house, stable and other buildings. Sold as the property of Frederick Stager to Henry Brown, of Walker township.

Forty acres of land located in Curtin township, this county. Sold as the property of Joseph F. McCloskey, to Dr. L. R. Hensyl, of Howard.

An extensive tract of land containing 100 acres, located in Boggs township. Sold as property of David Williams, deceased, to Adam Hoy, Esq., of this place.

One hundred and fourteen acres and eighty-two perches of land in Marion and Walker townships. Sold as property of William Deitz to Mrs. Elizabeth Glossner, of Boggs township, and Mrs. Kate Yocum, of Walker township.

Another tract of land in Marion township, also sold as property of William Deitz to Mr. Zeigler, of Marion township.

The County History.

The History of Centre and Clinton counties is now being delivered to the subscribers in Bellefonte. It is a very handsome volume. Most of the portraits of citizens of the county, of which a large number appear in the book, are excellently executed and wonderfully natural, that of the distinguished editor of the *Watchman*, P. G. Meek, Esq., striking us as being a perfect specimen of photographic art. The historical account of the county is full, complete and very interesting. A history of any section of country is necessarily an account of the inhabitants, hence appear numerous well written and authentic biographies. Prominent personages and old settlers from all parts of the county look out from its pages. Some of these long since were laid in the tomb, but their forms and features so strikingly portrayed carry us back in sight as well as mind to the early days of the county's settlement.

Whoever thinks a perfect work to see
Thinks what ne'er was, nor is nor e'er shall be.

Therefore we must expect to find some parts of the work unsatisfactory, but it is on the whole the finest history of any county we have ever seen. After a closer examination of its contents we shall refer to it more minutely. We are glad to know that a majority of the subscribers are well pleased with it, some pronouncing it finer than they had expected.

—The Sunday schools were not largely attended on Sunday.

That Muddle Explained.

The Altoona *Tribune* Saturday morning says:

In a recent issue the *Tribune* stated that Congressman Curtin had appointed Harry Keller, son of D. S. Keller, cadet at West Point, that young gentleman having made the best score at the competitive examination and having received the unanimous recommendation of the examining board. Our information was obtained from the Bellefonte NEWS and was supposed to be correct. Yesterday, however Mr. M. B. McGrath, of this city received a telegram signed T. L. Kerin and reading as follows: "Have *Tribune* correct statement Curtin has nominated me." Will the Bellefonte NEWS explain this apparent muddle?

The explanation of this apparent muddle is simply this. Harry Keller, son of D. S. Keller, Esq., of this place, did pass the best examination, was recommended by the committee and nominated by Governor Curtin. But it was found that he will not have reached the required age for admission when the appointment takes effect, on the first of July. Seventeen years is the necessary age and Harry will not have attained that age until December next. His great misfortune in this instance is that he failed to make his appearance in this world six months earlier. T. L. Kerin was the next best candidate for appointment and consequently that honor reverts back to him. We sympathise with our young friend, Mr. Harry Keller, in his disappointment, as the members of the committee say he far outstripped the other candidates in all the requirements except age.

Methodist Mention.

The *Conference News*, in alluding to the activity in the various Methodist churches in this vicinity, says of Pleasant Gap: "The charge at present supplied by Rev. J. A. Mattern, of the South Kansas Conference, has enjoyed a season of special prosperity and over sixty persons have been added to the church."

The M. E. church in this place, Rev. G. D. Penepacker, pastor, receives brief mention as follows: "Another gracious season has come to Bellefonte and the pastor, though much worn, holds on. The membership is coming to his help grandly."

The Philipsburg church, Rev. J. B. Polsgrove, pastor, is mentioned more at length: "A very successful revival is in progress in the Methodist Episcopal church in that place, conducted by Rev. Thomas Ogle, Jr., the young evangelist, of Philadelphia. The meetings have been in progress several weeks and already seventy-five conversions are reported, while the work continues with unabated interest, the altar being crowded each night by those who are anxious for salvation. On Sunday, January 28, forty-eight persons connected themselves with the church, among them many young men and women who have taken the wise step of giving their hearts to the Master in the days of their youth, "while the evil days come not." The people are hopeful of the most glorious result and it is to be hoped the good work may continue and many more souls be happily converted.

The Citizens' Meeting.

A very small number of citizens gathered in the office of Ellis Orvis, Esq., on Friday evening, to listen to the report of the committee of five appointed at a previous meeting. Dr. R. L. Dartt, the president, occupied the chair. Secretary Van Ormer not being present a secretary *pro tem* attended to that duty. The committee consists of Messrs. Ellis Orvis, D. M. Lieb, Frank Blair, Charles Cook and Cyrus Weaver, four of whom were present. Mr. Ellis Orvis, the chairman of the committee, reported that the committee had not yet perfected arrangements toward organization. As it was well known that many prominent gentlemen who desired to be present were detained in court by the night session which was then in progress, a motion was made and adopted, that when the meeting should adjourn it be to meet in the council room on Tuesday (yesterday) evening, provided the regular meeting of the Logan Hose Company shall not be held at that time.

Sights on the Streets.

There were several curious and startling spectacles on the street last Saturday notwithstanding the fact that nothing of importance was transpiring.

First, various councilmen were "boiling over" with rage.

A company of surveyors were at work near the depot. We are told it was the initiation of a new enterprise which we will not just now divulge. Did you say it was a railroad? Oh, yes; of course, and an entirely new one at that.

An interested group of spectators occupied a spot on the Diamond where the coasters could be seen to advantage on their way down High street More interested spectators never witnessed even a minstrel entertainment.

Personal Pencilings.

Judge Gamble, of Williamsport, is seriously ill.

Mr. J. W. Cooke, of this place, placed his name on the register of the City Hotel, Williamsport, on Thursday last.

Mr. Ed. Lingle, of Milesburg, son of the popular milk dealer of that name, is the new telegraph operator at the depot in this place.

Mr. Warren Sterrett, of Philipsburg was tarrying in town last week, being called here as a witness in one of the trials now pending.

Mr. Fred Shade, of Johnstown, son-in-law of Colonel Tate, of this place, is whiling away a few days among his friends and acquaintances in this vicinity.

Mr. Leo Bullions, supt. of the Scotia ore mines, was a Saturday visitor in Bellefonte. He gave us the pleasure of his presence for a few minutes.

Manager Sourbeck says that the next entertainment to be given to the Bellefonte public under his auspices will be by Duprez & Benedict Minstrels, on the 17th instant.

Messrs. H. H. Benner, R. Williams and Amos Mullen returned home last evening from Wilkesbarre where they have been attending the State encampment of the G. A. R.

Col. William S. Gridley, Special Examiner of the United States Pension Bureau, who has special jurisdiction over a district composed of Blair, Cambria, Clearfield and Centre counties, with headquarters at Altoona, reached Bellefonte on Friday, the 2d instant, and is stopping at the Brockerhoff House.

A Batch of Stormstown Items.

STORMSTOWN, Feb. 3, 1883.

Stormstown has one of the finest cows in the state. She is white in color, but the breed is not mentioned by our informant.

The town also makes pretentions to be a summer resort and expects soon to hold her head among the haughtiest in the Commonwealth.

The Juniata water works have been frozen up for several days. Unless a thaw comes speedily the result will be very depressing among those of our residents who drink that beverage.

A large number of our best citizens recently made a trip to Tyrone to witness a theatrical entertainment.

The Brindle Boarding House is the most comfortable place for the weary traveler to find a bed and a lunch in this section. It is under the management of Miss Kate Brindle.

Miss Waite, of Tyrone, is sojourning among us at present and thinks this a fine winter resort. She is enjoying herself hugely skating in the park She is stopping at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. J. A. C. Rider, the genial book-keeper of the company.

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—It is believed that for the benefit of voters, and that a degree of intelligence and forethought may be exercised in voting for borough officials the several ward meetings for nominating such officers should be held about one week earlier than is the custom. Cannot our readers—Democrats and Republicans—arrange to hold their respective ward meetings on Monday or Tuesday evening February 12th or 13th instants? It is to the interest of both political parties to do so as both of them are determined to nominate their most intelligent and trustworthy men, and the conscientious voter, having a better opportunity to find out the real character of the candidates, may vote accordingly.

Gatesburg Gossip.

There is a proportion of two girls to one boy in the village of Gatesburg consequently it is a good place for the male sex to locate in.

A store has long been needed in the place and this want is to be supplied by Mr. M. Rider, who is now erecting a neat store room and dwelling house.

It would also be an inestimable blessing to the village if it had a few telephone connections between houses at a great distance. The young men are so bashful that they sigh for such a medium of communication for the purpose of courting the other and fairer sex.

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—Leonard Rhone is one of a committee of three of the State Grange, P. of H., who were appointed to draft a tax bill for the consideration of the legislature. It is described as an act calculated to equalize taxation, and provides for the imposition of a tax of five mills on all species of property, which rate would produce a revenue of $30,000,000 a year, the valuation of property, in the state, according, to the census of 1880, being $6,000,000,000. Under this act each county will be obliged to bear its pro rata share of the whole amount of taxation. Judge Black is said to have assisted in the drafting of this bill.